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BEAVER ARGUS.

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POETICAL.

[From the Round Table.]

THE NATION'S DEAD.

Four hundred thousand men,
The brave, the good, the true,
In tangled wood, in mountain glen,
On battle plain, in prison pen,
Lie dead for me and you!
Four hundred thousand of the brave
Have made our ransomed soil their grave,
For me and you!
Good friend, for me and you!

In many a fevered swamp,
By many a black bayou,
In many a cold and frozen camp,
The weary sentinel ceased his tramp,
And died for me and you!
From Western plain to ocean tide
Are stretched the graves of those who died
For me and you!
Good friend, for me and you!

On many a bloody plain
Their ready swords they drew,
And poured their life-blood, like the rain,
A home, a heritage to gain,—
To gain for me and you!
Our brothers mustered by our side,
They marched and fought and bravely died
For me and you!
Good friend, for me and you!

On many a fortress wall
They charged—those boys in blue—
'Mid surging smoke and volleyed ball;
The bravest were the first to fall;—
To fall for me and you!
Those noble men,—the nation's pride,—
Four hundred thousand men have died
For me and you!
Good friend, for me and you!

In treason's prison-hold
Their martyr spirits grew
To stature like the saints of old,
While, amid agonies untold,
They starved for me and you!
The good, the patient, and the tried,
Four hundred thousand men have died
For me and you!
Good friend, for me and you.

A debt we ne'er can pay
To them is justly due;
And to the nation's latest day
Our children's children still shall say,
"They died for me and you!"
Four hundred thousand of the brave
Made this our ransomed soil their grave
For me and you!
Good friend, for me and you!

Miscellaneous.

Eds. Argus: On the evening of the 12th inst., the citizens of New Brighton and vicinity were favored with a lecture from the distinguished Englishman (orator, traveler and philanthropist), George Thompson, who for a period of six years represented one of the largest constituencies of Great Britain in the English Parliament, and whose labors for upwards of thirty years in behalf of the down-trodden, despised and friendless African, have been zealous, unremitting, untiring and eminently successful.

The title of his lecture was "The History of My Life from Year to Year." The title, however, was not indicative of the real subjects discussed by the lecturer; it formed but the back ground of the canvass on which were portrayed in language, chaste, eloquent and forcible, an outline of the mighty revolutions in public sentiment, the vast strides toward a larger liberty that have taken place in the Anglo Saxon world in the space of a single generation, in which he had been an actor.

He was the chosen champion of the Emancipation Society of Great Britain, and met in public discussion in nearly every town and city of that country the hired traffickers in human flesh, a professional and accomplished disputant.

He visited the United States, at the invitation of Mr. Garrison, to labor in behalf of the cause to which he had consecrated his life, in the year 1834 or '35. But such control had the slave-holding sentiment, at that time, of the public mind, that in thirty-six hours after he landed in the city of New York he was ordered to quit the hotel in which he had taken lodging. He then went to New England and attempted to deliver a lecture in the city of Boston, but the puritan city was as deeply infected with pro slavery virus as the Commercial Emporium. The cry was raised that he was an English emissary, seeking to overthrow our institution. A mob assembled to take his life. He concealed himself for several days, and was then conveyed in a close carriage to the harbor, and put on board a brig which conveyed him back to Albion, and thus in ignominious flight ended his first visit to our country.

But mark the change at his present visit! Boston made him a grand ovation, at which he was welcomed to the Old Bay State by her distinguished Governor, and was greeted, not by a mob, but by the elite of the Athens of America. He subsequently visited the Federal Capitol, and by invitation delivered a lecture in the Hall of the House of Representatives before our lamented President, Lincoln, and other distinguished representative men of the nation. What a commentary on the hollowness of popular applause, built on any other principle than a strict adherence to right! A quarter of a century ago branded a felon and fugitive!—to day the honored guest!

The lecturer, contrary to the self-satisfied, self-sufficient "John Bull," in general, had kept himself informed of the nature and progress of American Society, and displayed a knowledge of our theory of government, our institutions, parties, and politics, which would be creditable to one "to the manor born."

He also spoke of the attitude of the English people in our late struggle—that the aristocracy, with a few honorable exceptions, and some commercial men, whose pecuniary interests were identified with cotton and slavery, hoped, and so far as they could worked for Southern independence; but the honest yeomanry, the heart of the nation, beat in unison with Liberty and the Union.

He paid a glowing tribute to the progress and prosperity of our country, and now that we had got rid of slavery, accorded the proud prominence, which has heretofore been the vain boast of Americans—"The best country, the best government, and the largest liberty in the world."

The prejudice against color in America was an excrescence of slavery; it was entirely unknown in England; that it was an insult to three-fourths of the population of the world; that the abodes of ancient science and art were with men of dark complexions, and it was a duty America owed to herself, in view of her professions, her inspired Declaration of Independence, to place all men on an equality before the law, regardless of color.

The lecturer also gave a rapid and exceedingly interesting account of an overland journey he once made to the fabled waters of the Ganges, the land of Juggernaut and Jungles of the fiercest and wisest of the animal creation.

As an evidence of the vast changes effected by time, he said that two hundred years ago Queen Elizabeth, of England, sent an Embassy to the Mogul of that vast country, humbly beseeching His Majesty to allow her subjects to buy (or exchange their manufactures) for the finer articles, the skill and workmanship of his people. The prince graciously granted the privilege, little dreaming that in less than two centuries the successor of that humble petitioner would be mistress of all his vast dominions.

More fortunate than reformers in general, he has lived to see almost the full fruition of his hopes and labors—first, the Emancipation Act of the English Parliament, which abolished Slavery throughout the British Dominions; and next our late struggle, which culminated in the overthrow of American Slavery.

The above is but a faint outline of the remarks of the accomplished lecturer, who, for two hours and a quarter, in a voice remarkable for clearness and distinctness of articulation, and great eloquence of diction, entertained and instructed an attentive and delighted audience. M.

MUNIFICENT DONATION.—Dr. A. G. Egbert, who resides at Petrine, Mercer county, Pa. and well known as a petroleum millionaire, is withal a philanthropic citizen. During a recent visit to Philadelphia, Dr. Egbert submitted to the managers of the Northern Home for Friendless Children the following truly liberal proposition, viz: The Doctor will donate a tract of the best land in Mercer county, of 200 acres, worth $20,000, and will erect thereon buildings to cost not less than $100,000, capable of accommodating from four to five hundred children.—Mr. Watson, another philanthropic citizen of Mercer county, will contribute an additional $50,0000. The orphans of soldiers and sailors will find in this institution all the comforts of a home, and so will any friendless children. The ground for the edifice is to be broken early in the spring.—The control of the institution is to be under the joint auspices of the Northern Home of Philadelphia, and a board of officers to be chosen from Western Pennsylvania. It is designed to be a great Western institution, although open to friendless children from all parts of the State.

—LORD ELDON.—It was the habit of Lord Eldon, when attorney general, to close his speeches with some remarks justifying his own character.—At the trial of Horne Tooke, speaking of his own reputation, he said: "It is the little inheritance I have to leave my children, and I will leave it unimpaired." Here he shed tears, and, to the astonishment of those present, Mitford, the solicitor general, began to weep. "Just look at Mitford," said a by-stander to Horne Tooke. "What on earth is he crying for?" Tooke replied, "He is crying to think what a little inheritance Eldon's children are likely to get."

NOT SUCH A BAD PLACE AFTER ALL.—Beauregard has come to the conclusion that there are worse places to live than the United States. In a recent letter he says: "At one time, in order to escape the hatred of the northern fanatics, I thought of seeking a refuge in Brazil, but the generous sentiments expressed by President Johnson toward the Southern States have persuaded me, together with a great many other confederate officers and soldiers, to remain in Louisiana. I prefer to live here, poor and forgotten, than to be endowed with honor and riches in a foreign country."

Mr. Sumner's "Clemency and Common Sense."

The practical part of the moral of Senator Sumner's article under the title in the December *Atlantic*, is as follows:

"It is easy for the individual to forgive. It is easy also for the republic to be generous. But forgiveness of offences must not be a letter of license to crime; it must not be the recognition of an ancient tyranny, and it must not be a stupendous ingratitude.—There is a familiar saying, with the salt of ages, which is addressed to us now: 'Be just before you are generous.' Be just to all before you are generous to the few. Be just to the millions only half rescued from oppression, before you are generous to their cruel task-masters. Do not imitate that precious character in the gallery of old Tallemant de Reaux, of whom it was said, that he built churches without paying his debts. Our foremost duties now are to pay our debts, and these are two-fold:—first, to the national freedmen; and, secondly, to the national creditor.

"Apply these obvious principles practically. A child can do it. No duty of clemency can justify injustice. Therefore, in exercising the beautiful power of pardon at this moment in our country, several conditions must be observed.

"1. As a general rule, belligerent traitors, who have battled against the country, must not be permitted at once, without probation or trial, to resume their old places of trust and power. Such a concession would be clearly against every suggestion of common sense; and President Johnson clearly saw it so, when, addressing his fellow citizens of Tennessee, June 10, 1864, he said: 'I say that traitors should take a back seat in the work of restoration. If there be but five thousand men in Tennessee, loyal to the constitution, loyal to freedom, loyal to justice, these true and faithful men should control the work of reorganization and reformation absolutely.'

"2. Especially are we bound, by every obligation of justice, and by every sentiment of honor, to see to it that belligerent traitors who have battled against their country are not allowed to rule the constant loyalists, whether white or black, embracing the recent freedmen who have been our friends and allies.

"3. Let belligerent traitors be received slowly and cautiously back into the sovereignty of citizenship. It is better that they should wait than the general security be imperilled, or our solemn obligations, whether to the national freedmen or the national creditor, be impaired.

"4. Let pardons issue only on satisfactory assurance that the applicant, who has been engaged for years in murdering our fellow citizens, shall sustain the equal rights, civil and political, of all men, according to the principles of the Declaration of Independence; that he shall pledge himself to the support of the national debt, and, if he be among the large holders of land, that he shall set apart homesteads for all his freedmen.

"The true way is easy. Follow common sense. Seeking to avoid one peril, do not rush upon another. Consider how everything of worth and honor is bound up with the national security and the national faith; and that until these are fixed beyond change, agriculture, commerce and industry of all kinds must suffer. Capital cannot stay where justice is denied. Emigration must avoid a land blasted by the spirit of caste. Cotton itself will refuse to grow until labor is assured its just reward. By natural consequence, the same barbarism which has drenched the land in blood will continue to prevail, with wrong, outrage and the insurrection of an oppressed race; the national name will be dishonored, and the national power will be weakened. But the way is plain to avoid these calamities. Follow common sense, and obtain guarantees commensurate with the danger. Do this without delay, so that security and reconciliation may not be postponed. Every day's delay is a loss to the national wealth and injury to the national treasury. But if adequate guaranties cannot be obtained at once, then at least postpone all present, surrender to the oligarchy, trusting meanwhile to Providence for protection, and to time for that awakened sense of justice and humanity which must in the end prevail. And, finally, take care not to rush from Charybdis to Scylla."

QUARRELLING.—If anything in the world will make a man feel badly, except pinching his finger in the crack of a door, it is unquestionably a quarrel. No man ever fails to think less of himself after than before. It degrades him in the sight of others and, what is worse, it blunts his sensibilities on the one hand and increases the power of passionate irritability on the other. The truth is, the more peaceably and quietly we get on, the better for our neighbors. In nine cases out of ten the better course is, if a man cheats you quit dealing with him; if he is abusive, quit his company; and if he slanders you, take care to live so that no one will believe him. No matter who he is, or how he misuses you, the wisest way is to let him alone; for there is nothing better than this cool, calm, quiet way of dealing with the wrongs we meet.

Letter from Mrs. Lincoln.

Mr. Carpenter, the artist, who has been publishing in the *Independent* his personal recollections of President Lincoln, gives in its last contribution the following extract of a letter from Mrs. Lincoln:

Truly, writes Mrs. Lincoln, no sorrow has been like unto mine. I am so broken hearted over this overwhelming affliction as when the terrible tragedy occurred, and, of course realize it far more. I have lost the most loving and devoted of husbands, and my dear boys the best father that sons were ever blessed with. 'Until God's love shall place me by his side again,' I shall know no peace, or alleviation of my grief. Knowing him as you did, I am sure you can pardon and appreciate a wife's great sorrow over so untimely a loss.'

* * * * *

How I wish you could have been with my dear husband the last three weeks of his life. Having a realizing sense that the unnatural rebellion was near a close, and being most of the time away from Washington where he had passed through such conflicts of mind during the last four years—feeling so encouraged, he freely gave vent to his cheerfulness. Down the Potomac, he was almost boyish in his mirth, and reminded me of his original nature, as I remembered him in our own home, free from care, surrounded by those he loved.

That terrible Friday, I never saw him so supremely cheerful. His manner was even playful. At three o'clock he drove out with me in the open carriage. In starting, I asked him if any one should accompany us? He immediately replied: "No, I prefer to ride by ourselves, to-day." During the drive he was so gay that I said to him, laughingly: "Dear husband, you almost startle me by your great cheerfulness." He replied: "And well I may feel so, Mary, for I consider this day the war has come to a close," and then added, "We must both be more cheerful in the future. Between the war and loss of our darling Willie we have been very miserable." Every word he then uttered is deeply engraved on my poor, broken heart. In the evening his mind was fixed upon having some relaxation. * * * I firmly believe that if he had remained in the White House on that night of darkness, when the fiends prevailed, he would have been horribly cut to pieces. Those fiends had too long contemplated this inhuman murder to have allowed him to escape.

TAKE CARE OF YOUR POCKET-BOOK.—A notorious New York pick-pocket, who was lately sent to the State prison for his misdeeds, being noted for his marvellous adroitness in pocket-lifting, was requested to reveal the secret of his success, when the following, among other disclosures, were made. We publish them, as likely to be useful to those who are willing to take a hint:

"I never," said the pick-pocket, "attempt the pocket of an old resident of the city, but uniformly strangers and countrymen." But on being asked how he distinguished them, he replied "very easily," and gave the following list of persons who are their victims.

"Persons in an omnibus who take out their pocket-books after the stage stops, are sure to be countrymen.—Those who stop to converse on the sidewalks of thoroughfares, or to take out pocket-books at the box or pit office of theater, or steamboat offices. All those who stop to gaze at shop-windows, or count money or show pocket-books in the street, or call in at the Funk auction rooms. All these are our common victims. If I find a man eating oysters or fruit, or carrying an open knife in the street, in nine times out of ten he is green, and we victimize him. Persons who stand up in a theater or stand on cross walks are generally country folks, and we make sure of them.

The shrewdness of these observations of the pick-pocket must be obvious to all city people, and accounts for the remarkable fact that the city residents seldom suffer by the operations of these light-fingered gentry.

TOO MUCH MOTHER.—Artemus Ward gets off the following in defence of the "old man"

"Our ballad-writers put too much mother in their melodies. Thus we have 'Dear mother, I've come home to die'—'Mother, is the battle over?'—'Mother, dear, O pray for me!'—'Write a letter to my mother,' etc. The other night we heard an athletic Ethiopian minstrel dismally blent, 'Mother, kiss me in my dreams'—just as though she would do it until he washed the cork from his face. A mother is a good thing. Without mothers, in fact, life would be unpleasant. But why sing the maternal parent's merits so persistently, and in such shaky verses? Why not vary the thing, and occasionally produce a father or two? If we must sing about our parents, let us by all means give the 'old man' a chance."

ONE of our exchanges from the far west enlightens its readers by informing them that "Dr. Joseph Worcester, author of a large sized dictionary and inventor of Worcestershire sauce, is dead."

A CASE OF GENUINE DISTRESS.—A "Mrs. Col. Caston Meares" as she rather ostentatiously signs herself, of Wilmington, North Carolina, writes to the *Dispatch* of that city, that having lost her fortune, amounting to $95,000, by the repudiation of the Confederate State debt, she is, therefore, compelled to offer herself as an instructress in French and music. Mrs. Colonel Gaston Meares, who is probably of a first family, no doubt considers it a hardship to be obliged to depend upon her own exertions for bread. We have no sympathy for her—not a sympathy.

Firstly. All her life she has lived upon the unpaid labor of others.

Secondly. When she put the 97,000 she had robbed her slaves of, into the Confederate war loan, she did a wicked as well as a foolish thing and the loss of it is a very proper punishment.

And besides all this, we think it very proper that not only Mrs. Colonel Gaston Meares, but Mr. Colonel Gaston Meares, and the little Meares should go to work, and learn how sweet bread is that is procured by sweat. We do it up North and find it no hardships. Is Mrs. Colonel Gaston Meares any better than the thousands of Northern ladies, who teach, that she should make such an ado over it? She went out for wool and came back shorn—let her make the best of her situation and thank the Lord that her father's niggers earned enough to give her accomplishments, out of which she can earn, even at this late day, an honest living.

AN INTERESTING INCIDENT.—Connected with the recent loss of the schooner New Jersey, and the saving of her crew of six persons and a dog, is an instance of canine sagacity which fully equals the one related in relation to the trooper's horse. When the steamship Grenada touched the wreck for the purpose of taking off the crew, the latter, who had been without food or water for over thirty-six hours, were found lying on the deck drenched with water and completely exhausted. The dog was the only living object on the watch, and as soon as he beheld the Grenada, he rushed forward, bit the Captain's foot and whined piteously—evidently for the purpose of telling them of the approaching succor. This he repeated the second time before the whistle of the steamboat aroused the crew to their danger. Greater interest, also, attached to this incident, from the fact that the crew had decided to kill the faithful animal the following morning, to sustain their lives a little longer.

RETALIATING.—Horace Maynard was standing in one of the hotels, the other day, when a tall Tennessean approached him, "How do you do, Colonel Maynard? I am delighted to see you looking so well sir."

"I ought to recognize you, sir, I presume; but I don't."

"Why, Colonel, you ought to remember me. You've met me often enough in Nashville, where I live."

"Yes, sir," responded Maynard, in his coldest and snakiest manner. "I lived in Nashville two years. I was attached to the administration of Governor Johnson. I passed about the streets daily; but if I had been a Jew, covered with the most loathsome leprosy from the crown of my head to the sole of my foot, I couldn't have been more studiously avoided and abhorred by you citizens of Nashville!"

The pardon-seeker didn't think it advisable to ask Colonel Maynard to take charge of his case

ANOTHER NEW BANK LOCK.—A Mr. Louis Zale, Jr. of Cincinnati, has recently invented and introduced a new patent double and single bank lock, which is a triumph of scientific and mechanical ingenuity. It combines two locks in one, each of which operates the same bolt, making it perfectly secure against missing the combination, or getting out of order. It is absolutely secure against picking or powder, and proof against being driven off the door. The store, door, night latch, drawer, and other locks, with patent flat keys, are as difficult to pick as most bank locks, and the key itself is a wonderful contrivance, recommending the locks on that account, to any one who is opposed to the old fashioned cumbersome article.

AN INFAMOUS SHEET.—The infamous La Crosse *Democrat* continues the utterance of its diabolical sentiments in admiration of the assassin of President Lincoln, and of the cause which he served. The following is a late specimen: "There is not a man or woman who does not from the inmost heart respect John Wilkes Booth with all his crime, more than they do Ben. Butler, the thief and renegade who has disgraced the nation. There is not an honest man who does not respect the people of the South more than he does the ranting cowards of New England, backed by the fawning sycophants of the West. People admire bravery, and when backed by honest principles freely indorse."

A DISPATCH to the New York *Herald* says the number of rebel prisoners captured and paroled by the National forces during the war amounted to 329,000. The number of Union prisoners captured by the rebels during the war is stated to have been 187,000.

ENGLISH OPINION OF PRESIDENT JOHNSON.—The English papers are beginning to praise President Johnson and his policy. The London *Times* thinks that his confidence in the South, and the bold liberality of his policy are not likely to be in vain. The *News* characterizes his administration as sagacious and prudent. The *Telegraph* says it affords both a crushing rebuke to the believers in an outworn diplomacy and a splendid encouragement to those who believe in the capacity of a free people to select its rulers, when one sees this self taught tailor of Tennessee, by virtue of his direct sincerity of purpose and his homely mother wit, bids fair to succeed in a task which might have sorely tried the statecraft of a Richelieu. The tory *Herald* says that the President has agreeably disappointed at least one-half of the world by a wise and statesmanlike policy, that will give him a high place in the pantheon of American worthies.

LIVES LOST BY THE REBELLION.—The War Department computes the number of deaths in the Union armies since the commencement of the war at 350,000, and of the Southern soldiers at 225,000, making at least 575,000 lives that have been lost, a part of the costly price paid for the defense of the nation's life. At Gettysburg, 23,000 Union soldiers were killed, wounded or taken prisoners—our greatest loss during one campaign. Gen. Grant's losses, from the time he crossed the Rapidan until Lee's surrender, were about 90,000. Great as were our losses, they were far below those incurred in European wars, owing to our superior medical and sanitary arrangements, and the care of the Government for its troops.

A SECOND MOSES.—When General Sully, last summer, on his expedition to the Devil's lake, passed Fort Berthald, quite a number of Indians had gathered there to see him and make peace. They complained a great deal of dry weather, and wished the General would make rain the same as Father de Smet, the missionary who used to see them, had done. The General promised them he would do the best he could. It happened that shortly afterwards a heavy thunder shower passed, flooding everything. The Indians were greatly pleased, and called the General a great medicine man. But they said it was a little too too much at once. "Well," said the General, "I knew it, but I couldn't help the thing after it started!"

BEAUTIFUL AND TRUE.—In a late article in *Frazer's Magazine*, this brief, beautiful passage occurs: "Education does not commence with the Alphabet. It begins with a mother's look—with a father's smile of approbation, or sign of reproof—with a sister's gentle pressure of the hand, or a brother's noble act of forbearance—with a handfull of beautiful flowers in green and daisy meadows—with bird's nests admired but not touched—with creeping ants, and almost imperceptible insects—with humming bees and glass beehives—with pleasant walks in shady lanes, and with thoughts directed in sweet and kindly tones, and words to mature to acts of benevolence, to deeds of virtue, to the source of all good to God himself."

REYNOLDS AND THE ORPHAN.—A lady applied to the eminent philanthropist of Bristol, Richard Reynolds, on behalf of a little orphan boy.—After he had given liberally, she said, "When he is old enough, I will teach him to name and thank his benefactor." "Stop," said the good man—"Thou art mistaken. We do not thank the clouds for rain. Teach him to look higher, and thank Him who giveth both the clouds and the rain."

JOHN QUINCY ADAMS has been elected to the Legislature from Quincy, Massachusetts. He is an Adams of the fourth generation. Intellect very rarely descends as in this stock. John Adams was President; John Quincy Adams, his son, was President; Charles Francis Adams, his son, is Minister to the Court of St. James, and John Q. Adams, his son, comes up to show that the original qualities have not run out yet.

MILITARY MATTERS IN RUSSIA.—Great activity has been observable of late in the military and naval departments at St. Petersburg. The Imperial Princes have lately been travelling from one part of the country to another, for the purpose of reviewing troops and examining fortifications, and the army is kept constantly in movement at a very great expense.

A CIRCULAR, signed Wm. P. Craighill, Captain of Engineers, Baltimore, Md., announces a movement which has just been inaugurated to erect at West Point, a monument to the memory of Major General McPherson. It is proposed to deposit the remains of this lamented and gallant officer at West Point, if his friends will permit their removal.

ONCE upon a time an Irishman and a negro were fighting, and while grappling with each other the Irishman exclaimed: "You black rascal cry enough! I'll fight till I die." "So will I," said the negro; "I always does."

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

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FEEDING BOXES.—Horses do not naturally gather food from trees. Why, then, should they be compelled in winter, to take it from a rack overhead? Every mouthful requires the animal to assume an unnatural position, which, with young horses particularly, must interfere with the proper development of the muscles of the neck, and with the graceful carriage of the head. May not the awkward manner in which horses thrust their head forward and upward be attributed to the force of habit acquired in feeding from a rack? Another serious objection to racks is the danger from the seeds, dust, etc., falling into the eyes of the animal; further, all the effluvia of the stable, the vapors from liquid and solid excrements, the exhalations from the skin and lungs pass upward, and are, to some extent, absorbed by the hay—an addition neither healthful nor savory. The feed box may be made equally convenient with the rack, and is open to none of the above objections. It need not be large, and if the bottom be made of slats all the rejected fodder can be easily removed.

MAKING COMPOST.—No opportunity should be allowed to pass unimproved which affords facilities for accumulating materials for manure. There are many substances of great value which may be accumulated with very little trouble and expense, which will produce most favorable effects when composted and applied to the soil. Chips, dung, decayed sawdust, bones, hair, bristles, refuse wool, half-decayed leaves, straw, haulm of different kinds, chips from the shoe manufactory, the refuse from the comb shop, together with numberless other articles, may be applied for this purpose. No farmer should neglect this, for without manure there can be no success in farming.

KICKING HORSES.—Having a horse that would kick everything in pieces in the stable that he could reach, and having found a remedy for it, (after trying many things, such as fetterings, whipping, and hanging chains behind him for to kick against etc.) we publish it for the benefit of our readers. It is simply fastening a short trace-chain, about two feet long, by a strap, to each hind foot, and let him do his own whipping if he cannot stand still without, and he will be apt to have boards nailed to his stall every day.

YELLOW AND WHITE CORN.—At a late meeting of the Little (N. Y.) Farmers' Club the discussion turned upon the comparative sweetness and nutrition of the different varieties of corn. Dr. Isham said that yellow meal, when old, was apt to have a bitter taste.—Yellow corn contained more oil than white, and when the meal was kept some time, the abundance of oil had a tendency to become rancid,—hence the bitter taste of meal.

ONIONS AND POULTRY.—The *Genesee Farmer* says: "Scarcely too much can be said in praise of onions for fowls. They seem to be a preventive and remedy for various diseases to which domestic fowls are liable. For gapes and inflamation of the throat, eyes and head, onions are almost a specific. They should be finely chopped. A small addition of corn meal is an improvement."

BUCKWHEAT CAKES WET WITH MILK.—One quart of flour, and in winter stir in lukewarm milk, till it is a thin batter, and beat it thoroughly, adding nearly an even tablespoonful of salt. Add a small teacup of Indian meal, two tablespoonfuls of distillery yeast, or a good deal more if home brewed, say half a teacupful. Set it where it will keep warm all night, and in the morning add a teaspoonful of saleratus, sifted over the top, and well stirred in. If sour, add more saleratus. This is the best kind of buckwheat cakes.—*Germ. Tel.*

FLOATING ISLAND.—One quart of milk, sweetened, the whites of six eggs wine to the taste, half a pound of pulverized sugar, (for the island,) a little currant jelly. Heat the eggs, and add the half pound of sugar by degrees, and as much currant jelly as will make it a fine pink. Pour the milk in a glass bowl, with a tablespoon place the island on it in heaps, tastefully arranged.

MOULD CANDLES.—Take 2 lbs alum for every 10 lbs. of tallow dissolve it in water before the tallow is put in, and then melt the tallow in the alum water, with frequent stirring. This will clarify and harden the tallow so as to make a most beautiful article, either for summer or winter use, almost as good as sperm.

CURE FOR COLIC IN HORSES.—The following is a certain cure for colic in horses. I have seen it tried dozens of times, and always with success. I am sure it will save any horse, if the directions are followed. Dissolve one pint of salt in a pint of hot water—then add a quart of good vinegar and pour half the mixture down the horse's throat. If the horse is not well in half an hour, give him the remainder, and you will soon find him all right.

THE temperament of animals is always shown by their color. An animal of different colors always possesses superiority of temperament.

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

J. S. RUTAN ..... J. L. ANDERSON.

J. S. RUTAN & Co.,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

DECEMBER 27th, 1865.

Liberal Inducements to Agents for the Argus.

The year is drawing to a close, and we are anxious to increase our list of subscribers for next year. In order to do this we propose that all new subscribers now paying for 1866 shall receive the paper for the balance of the this year free of charge. We will also send the *Argus* for one year to a club of five or more new subscribers, to one address, at $1,75 in advance. Any person acting as Agent and raising a club of ten, we will in addition give him the paper free. Any one sending us a club of twenty new subscribers, will pay in advance, we will give them, in addition to a copy of the *Argus* for one year, "Raymond's Life of Lincoln," containing over 800 pages, and well bound. A dollar and seventy-five cents for our paper gives us a very small profit, yet we are anxious to extend our circulation, and will furnish it at that price to clubs of five or more new subscribers.

Every person should take a county paper and there are hundreds in the county who will subscribe if solicited. We hope Agents will go to work in every township. We will do our best to make the *Argus* a good paper, and only ask in return a liberal support.

Old subscribers who have not paid up, must do so before the end of the year, or fifty cents additional will be charged. It costs us about One Hundred and Fifty Dollars a month to conduct the paper, and that amount has to be paid in cash punctually. We dislike to refer to this matter so often, but necessity requires it.

The statements of the *Local* are so utterly unreliable, that we must hereafter decline controverting them. It is useless to answer the untruths and mistatements that appear in that paper weekly. Take, for instance, some weeks since the controversy about certain illegal votes said to have been polled in Beaver. We proved conclusively that every material part of the statement made in the *Local* was untrue, and yet time and again they repeated the same falsehoods. It is so on the question of a new Judicial District. Having once answered the arguments and referred to the records in proof of our allegations, we have them repeated last week. The editor boldly asserts that twenty-one weeks is all a Judge in this District devotes to regular and argument Courts, when there are twenty weeks of regular and at least twelve argument or adjourned Courts every year, requiring just so many weeks. Now while every lawyer and well informed citizen knows this to be true, yet this intelligent editor flatly denies it. Again he says criminal business has been steadily falling off for two or three years. Ten minutes spent in examining the dockets would be sufficient to satisfy him of the falsity of his statement, but the truth is not what he seeks.—In 1865 there was nearly double the amount of criminal business done than in 1860 and 1861.

We will not pursue this matter further, and our readers will hereafter not expect us to expose all the misstatements of the *Local*, as that would be impossible, and would require endless repetitions. The writer for that paper seems to have no sense of moral accountability, and believes that a lie is as good as the truth.

The murder of Abraham Lincoln was the result of the teachings of the Democratic party, or of such men in that party as the writer in the Beaver *Local* of last week. Not only does he seek to blacken the memory of the martyred Savior of his country, but he insults his bereaved widow. Because Congress saw fit to appropriate to Mrs. Lincoln her husband's salary for the whole of the year, (he having been murdered by a Democrat soon after he entered upon his second term,) this shameless scribbler makes a terrible ado. Had it come from any of Booth's companions and secret accomplices, we would not have been surprised, but to come from the source it did does surprises us. We are certain every loyal man, every right-feeling man, every gentleman will approve what Congress did. As for the rest of the inhabitants of this country, it makes no difference what vulgar opinions they may entertain. Mr. Lincoln died comparatively poor, and as he gave his life for the cause of the nation he served, common justice requires that his family should be taken care of by our Government. The mere paying the balance of the salary that would have been due him at the end of the year, is so trifling, so customary, so proper, that we venture almost there will not be found another journal in the United States low enough to speak of it as improper.

A member of Congress having proposed to call one of the new Territories Lincoln, the editor of the *Local* makes that the occasion of a dirty, contemptable fling at the memory of the martyred patriot and statesman. A man who would speak disrespectfully of Abraham Lincoln now, is beneath contempt, and we turn from the paragraph and the writer in disgust.

The Cincinnati *Enquirer* announces in big, black head letter that "*The Democratic Party is not dead.*" That will be news to a great many people, who are under the impression they attended its funeral last fall.

Last week we published the proclamation of Secretary Seward, announcing the adoption of the Constitutional Amendment abolishing slavery. Twenty seven States, the requisite number, having ratified the amendment, slavery no longer exists in the United States. Other States will ratify the amendment this winter, and in a year or two at most every State in the Union will by act of their Legislatures, place themselves right on the record. In looking back over the history of the anti-slavery movement in this country, we see most vividly the workings of Providence, and can only say, What has God wrought! A few years since, the mere presenting of a petition in Congress praying for the abolition of slavery, was regarded as a gross violation of personal rights, and the distinguished member who presented the same came near losing his seat and his life. A few years ago the abolition party were numbered by tens, and were regarded as a crazy, fanatical, despicable class of men. Having right, justice and Providence on their side, however, they patiently and fearlessly waited and labored, and lo the result! The most sanguine abolitionist never anticipated such speedy and overwhelming triumph. No reformation so radical and complete was ever effected so speedily. The growth of the abolition party, as it was called, and its final triumph at the polls in 1860, was marvelous; but when Abraham Lincoln was elected President of the United States, the party had accomplished all that was hoped for. To prevent the admission of any more slave States was the only result anticipated. The barriers thrown around slavery in the States where it existed, it was thought, were too strong to be thrown down. To all human appearance, slavery must exist in these States for centuries.—Man having accomplished his work, God took the matter into his own hands. He led us by a way we knew not. Though that way was hard, yet it was necessary to purge away the stain, and atone for the sin. And now, strange as it may seem, South Carolina is one of the twenty seven States ratifying the amendment. Who could have foretold such a change? Nothing but the special Providences of the Great Ruler of Nations could have brought it to pass. The great reformation is an accomplished fact. Slavery is abolished, and throughout the length and breadth of the land all men are free. Those who stood in the way have been crushed by the wheels of the car of Progress. A few fossilized Democrats would still cling to their old idol, but now the substance is gone, they will soon cease to worship the shadow. Let the word go forth to all lands and people of every kindred, tongue and race, that in the United States of America all men are equal.

Death of Hon. Thomas Corwin.—Last week we published a brief dispatch announcing the death of the Hon. Thomas Corwin, of Ohio, which took place in Washington City, on Monday the 18th inst. In recording this sad event we cannot but feel that there has been severed another of those links in the chain which bound us to those grand old times when intellectual giants legislated for our country, and the utterances of statesmen taught only veneration for institutions which had won the admiration of the world. A thousand pleasant memories and sparkling witticisms are associated with his name, and those who enjoyed his personal acquaintance will by this announcement have many agreeable incidents brought vividly to mind. In the earlier part of his political career Mr. Corwin was regarded as the most brilliant stump orator of the West, and his long public life gave many evidences of his superior judgment. He was cotemporary with statesmen of such ability that it is no small meed of praise to say that he was their equal in many things, and that in few things did he find a superior. For nearly half a century he has been known as a public man, and few men in either public or private life will be more pleasantly remembered.

As we predicted, the *Local* is not pleased with the President's Message; or rather the lights of the Democracy are not, and of course the *Local* dare not be otherwise. After waiting until the Harrisburg *Patriot and Union* spoke, we learn what the *Local's* views are. Even then the writer could not trust himself to express an opinion lest he might go wrong, and the article of the *Patriot and Union* is copied in full. When we want to know how the *Local* stands politically, we will refer to the organ of the party at Harrisburg.

Col. Wm. B. Thomas, Collector of the port of Philadelphia, has received a letter from Governor Curtin, dated at Havana, Dec. 12th. The Governor arrived there the previous day, in improved health and spirits. He speaks in his letter of the kind treatment he experienced at the hands of the officers of the M' Culloch

Lee's Surrender Premeditated.

The following passage is from the forthcoming volume of Pollard's southern history of "The Fourth Year of the war."

"There can be no doubt in history that General Lee in taking his army away from Richmond and Petersburg had decided, in his own mind, upon the hopelessness of the war, and had predetermined its surrender. The most striking proof of this is that on his retreat there was no order published against straggling—a thing unprecedented in all deliberate and strategetic retreat—and nothing whatever done to maintain discipline. The men were not animated by the style of general orders usual on such occasions. They straggled and deserted almost at will. An idea ran through the Virginia troops that with the abandonment of Richmond the war was hopeless, and that they would be justified in refusing to fight outside the limits of their own State. Nothing was done to check the notorious circulation of this notion in the army. The Virginia troops scattered off to their homes at almost every mile of the route. We have seen that Pickett was left with only a handful of men. Some of the brigade commanders had not hesitated to advise their men that the war was virtually over, and that they had better go home and 'make crops.'

But there are other proofs, besides the omission of the measures against straggling usual on retreats, that Gen. Lee had previsedly a surrender of his army. He carried off from Petersburg and Richmond all the transportation of his army, sufficient, perhaps, for one hundred thousand men, certainly largely in excess of the actual needs of the retreat. The excessive number of Virginia troops who were permitted to drop out of the ranks and return to their homes, shows very well that there was no firm purpose to carry the war out of the limits of that State. Prisoners taken on the retreat invariably reported that the army was soon to be halted for a surrender; and General Curtis Lee, when captured by the enemy, is alleged to have made the same revelation of his father's designs."

Goldwin Smith has written a letter to this country on the subject of the Jamaica troubles, in which he says:

"As the case at present stands, there is nothing whatsoever to prove peculiar, much less indelible ferocity in the negro race. Rather the reverse. But the whites of the island, the English officers who have been corrupted by the blandishment of that depraved society (for it is deeply depraved), and, sad to say, the Governor himself, have committed such atrocities, that if the home government were to fail in its duty of vindicating the character of this country, it will be time for an Englishman who cares for the honor of his nation to look out for another home. I trust that the negro race will not be allowed to suffer in the judgment of nations and states for the alleged faults of the negroes in Jamaica, until judicial investigation shall have placed the whole case of the negroes in Jamaica and of their enemies fairly before the world."

The Northern Copperhead still plies his vocation vigorously. Instead of accepting the issues of the war, and devising means to produce harmony between the sections North and South, he belches forth his "flame and fury" as follows, through the *Metropolitan Record*, of New York:

Let the Southern people, having paid the price demanded for restoration, claim all their rights and privileges in full, and submit to no abatement willingly or even silently. Let them not recede one inch before the tide of radicalism, but hold their ground as steadfastly as they did up on the field of battle. * * Let them thunder at the doors of Congress, and cease not until every vacant seat is filled. The Republic is in straits, and can spare no man, least of all those whose councils have guided her thro' many a danger in the days gone by.

The War of the American Revolution closed eighty-three years ago; and it is announced that, of all the many thousands that once figured as Revolutionary soldiers on the pension rolls of the Government, barely two remain: William Hutchins of Penobscot, Maine, and Samuel Cook, of Clarendon, Orleans county, N. Y. Several have died within the last year; and it may be that 1866 will witness the closing of the books. We trust that Government will promptly announce the fact by a proclamation or military general order, and that the death of the last Revolutionary soldier will be fitly and generally commemorated.

A negro was killed in Louisville, Ky. last Sunday, by a white boy about sixteen years old, one of a party of boys who threw stones at several negroes who were quietly going by to church. The deceased turned back to expostulate with them for such conduct, when one of them named Kluik, deliberately drew a pistol and shot him on the spot. The *Journal* tells us that the deed was witnessed by no one but the parties, except a little girl five years old; and as negroes cannot testify in Kentucky, the murderer is likely to go free. "No arrests have been made," the *Journal* adds, as a matter of course.

A special to the N. Y. *Post* says M. Montholon assured Mr. Seward that the French troops would quit Mexico if he would have a little patience. He may have said so; but the trouble is that no French troops go out, and many go in. It will take some time to accomplish the evacuation at that rate.

Congress adjourned on Thursday, the 21st inst., to Friday, Jan. 5th, 1866.

A New Judicial District.

The people of Washington County tried hard, last winter, to get themselves attached to this judicial district, and an act was passed for that purpose by both Houses of the Legislature; but the Governor vetoed it on account of some defect in it, and another bill was not arranged, in time, to obviate the Governor's constitutional objections.

At the next session a bill will be proposed to create a new judicial district out of the counties of Washington and Beaver, and this we regard as preferable to the bill of last winter, and free from all constitutional objections. This would leave Fayette and Greene in a district on one side, and Lawrence, Mercer and Butler in another on the other side.

Washington and Beaver are both large and populous countries, and there is abundant legal business in them for a judicial district. There is a sufficient reason in that, therefore, for its creation, and no other need be given. The State forms her judicial districts for the accommodation of the people; and as the State grows in population, the number of districts must increase. We trust, therefore, that the legislature will pass the bill promptly, and the more especially that there is no serious objection to it on the part of the districts from which Washington and Beaver will respectively be detached.

The point will be made that it will add to the expenses of the State; but we do not consider that as having any weight whatever. The additional expense is but a trifle, and will not be felt; and as the machinery of the government is framed with a view to the accommodation of the public, the simple question is, whether the new district is necessary for the convenience of the people and the administration of justice. Believing that it is we join with our friends in Washington and Beaver in urging the proposition upon the early attention of the Legislature.—*Pittsburg Gazette.*

Direct Vote for President

Mr. Jenckes of R. I. submitted on the 11th inst., to the House a proposal to amend the Federal Constitution as follows:

JOINT RESOLUTION.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled (two-thirds of both Houses concurring), That in lieu of the clause following the word "States" in the first paragraph of Section two, article one, of the Constitution of the United States, and of so much of article two as provides for electors of President and Vice-President of the United States and the mode of their election, and also in lieu of amendment twelve to said constitution, the following article be proposed as an amendment to said Constitution, which, when ratified by the Legislatures of three-fourths of the several States, shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of said Constitution, to wit:

ARTICLE —

Section 1. In all elections of President and Vice-President the ballots shall be cast directly for persons to fill said offices, and the persons having the highest number of votes for each office shall be declared elected to such office.

Sec. 2. In the election of President and Vice-President, and of members of the House of Representatives, the following described persons, and those only, shall have the right to vote, to wit: Male citizens of the United States of the age of twenty-one years, not under conviction for infamous crime, who can read, and who shall have resided for one year in the State and for six months in the district in which they shall offer to vote.

Sec. 3. Congress shall have power to pass laws providing for the registration of voters, for ascertaining their qualifications, for the times and manner of conducting such elections and preventing frauds therein, and for declaring their result.

New York, Dec. 23.—A delegation of Mississippians, being the committee appointed by the Legislature of their State to petition the President for the pardon of Jeff. Davis, called at the Executive mansion yesterday and the petition presented, but no formal reply was given by the President.

The *Herald's* Washington special The President has sent to the Senate the name of Gen. Von Valkenburg, of New York, as Minister to Japan.

The aggregate force recently ordered to be mustered out the military service is 30,000 men.

General Fitz Henry Warren has been brevetted Major General. He will not go to Guatemala if at all until after the close of the Iowa Legislature, before which he is a prominent candidate for United States Senator.

The *Herald* special says there is no official information from the French Government that the Emperor intends to withdraw the French troops from Mexico, yet it is vaguely given out by the French Minister in diplomatic circles, that such is the intention.—Maximillian expects to supply the army with Austrian troops, numbers of whom are said to be on their way to Mexico.

The Paris papers are strictly forbidden to speak of Mexican affairs.—There were only six new cases of cholera and four deaths in Paris on the 30th of November, and on the first of December four new cases and seven deaths. The total number of deaths from the cholera in Paris from the first outbreak to the 30th of November was 6,077.

A Washington special dispatch to the New York *Post* says that Secretary Stanton has again tendered his resignation to the President, and this time, it is said, insists upon its acceptance.

Jeff. Davis Receiving Consolation.—A Fortress Monroe letter says that Jeff Davis appears to be preparing for his fate. Says the writer: "His old clergymen of St. Paul's church, in Richmond—the church which he attended during the war and from which he made that marvelously rapid exit on the last Sunday of his attendance there—has been allowed to spend the day with him. No criminal about to be led to the gallows can receive more sedulous attention, or probably wiser religious counselling. The sacrament was administered to him, and everything done that could be, by his old religious teacher and adviser, through scriptural reading and prayer, to give him peace of mind and that cheerful content and resignation following the right kind of teaching and faith.

During his imprisonment Mr. Davis' only religious attendant and adviser has been the post chaplain, Rev. Mr. Chivis, a most amiable and excellent man, a worthy and devout clergyman. It was natural he should like to be attended by his own pastor, and no one will be inclined, I am sure, to blame him for asking the privilege of his attendance upon him, or find fault with the request being complied with.

Three Children Murdered.—A horrible murder was committed on Sunday before last, at Burlington, Wisconsin. The victims belonged to a family named Cook, living about one mile out of the village, and three-quarters of a mile from the Racine and Mississippi railroad depot. While Mr. and Mrs. Cook were at church some wretch entered their house and murdered in cold blood their children, all under 14 years of age; the oldest a girl of thirteen, named Amelia Wing, a niece; a son aged nine, and a daughter aged three, of Mr. and Mrs. Cook. The murderer or murderers then broke open the bureau drawers and ransacked the house generally, getting in their search but three or four dollars in money. Two arrests have been made; one, a man who was living with the family, and whom circumstances seem to indicate as the murderer; also another man, a companion of the first.

A Wonderful Surgical Operation.—The Trenton *State Gazette* says: A very difficult surgical operation was performed upon a Mr. Charles Huffman, residing near Cherryville, Hunterdon county, by Dr. Field, of Easton, a few days since. Mr. Huffman had been ill for several months, and his physician pronounced him in the last stage of consumption. At this crisis, Mr. Huffman expressed a desire to have his body opened—believing that his lungs were not affected, but that there was an abcess forming within his body. Accordingly the above named physician was called in—his body was opened and a large bladder like sack of matter, weighing four pounds and eleven ounces, was detached from one of his lungs, and brought out through the incision made into his body. At last accounts, the patient, though very weak, was doing well, with strong hopes of his ultimate recovery.

Missouri As it Is.—There is no doubt but that one half, perhaps two-thirds of all the land in Missouri is to-day for sale. Slavery is no more, and a large part of the former slaves have left the State. The farms are from 200 to 1000 acres in size, and the owners, many of them, are unaccustomed to labor themselves, cannot hire free labor, for it is scarce; have no slaves, for they are free, and are obliged to let their farms remain untilled or sell them. With so much on the market, land, of course, is cheap. In Northern and Eastern Missouri, that portion which has suffered least from the ravages of civil war, and where the people have now settled down to peaceful industry, unimproved lands can be bought at from $5 to $12 per acre; improved farms at from $10 to $30.

The Cattle Plague.—The London Times says: "The ravages of the cattle plague are even exceeding our recent anticipations. The actual return for the last week, we regret to say, instead of being 3000 is nearer 4000. The four weeks of last month show a succession of figures which speak for themselves. In the first week the cases were 1765; in the second, 2580; in the third, 2669; and in the fourth, 3619. At this rate of progress, which is only likely to be accelerated, we may easily have a return of 7000 a week by Christmas. This is an alarming prospect. No specific has been discovered for the treatment of the disease."

The Royal Agricultural Society has resolved that its usual annual meeting shall not take place until next year, on account of the cattle disease.

Heavy Robbery.

Philadelphia, Dec. 22.—The safe of the Sanitary Commission was found robbed of six thousand four hundred dollars in United States bonds, the property of John Chilson, chief clerk. The following are the numbers of the 5-20 bonds of $500 each: Nos. 23,960, 3,558, 4,559, 3,560, 3,561, 3,562, 3,564, and 3,564; of one thousand dollars, Nos. 6,914, 36,771, 56 818, and 56 819; and of fifty dollars, No. 8,889 7 309, each for five hundred dollars, Nos. 35,903, 35,906, 165,433 and 127,476.

Sec. Seward, last week, by order of the President, sent dispatches to the Provisional Governor and Governor elect of South Carolina, similar to those addressed to the same officials in Alabama and Georgia, directing Governor Perry to retire from, and the Governor elect to assume the duties of, the gubernatorial office.

The Georgia Legislature has passed a bill whereby colored persons are permitted to testify in cases where those of their own color are concerned. White men may still commit crimes against the negro, as in the good old patriarchal days, if none but blacks are witnesses to the outrage, whatever it may be.

Rules for the Presenting of Claims.

The great number of submitted claims daily received by the Government, have rendered it necessary that the following rules should be established for the information and guidance of persons presenting them.—They will in no case, whatever, be departed from. It the applicant claims bounty, it should be stated under what act the claim is made. 1. If under act of July 22, 1861, the man should state, under oath, whether he has received the $25 advance bounty, or whether he claims the whole of the $100 bounty. 2. It under any other act authorizing the payment of United States bounties, he should name each and every instalment claimed as due and unpaid. 3. No claim for veteran bounty will be entertained unless the claimant has heretofore been recognized and borne on his company rolls as such veteran. 4. Colored soldiers applying for bounty should state whether they were mustered as "free on or before April 19, 1861," or were "enrolled and subject to draft" at the date of enlistment. 5. If the claim is for back pay, the man must name the months for which he claims, and state where and on what rolls (hospital or other) he has been mustered, or where he was on each muster-day, from the time he first claims pay to date of discharge. 6. In cases of claims for unsettled clothing, the sworn statement of a commanding officer of the company to which the claimant belonged, sustaining the claim must be filed with it. 7. If the claimant be an officer, he must state when last paid, and, if possible, the name of the paymaster who paid him. 8. In all cases send duplicate copies of form 5 in enlisted men's cases, duly signed and witnessed. In cases of officers form 3, to be signed and sworn to.

President Lincoln's Remains.

St. Louis, Dec. 22.

The remains of President Lincoln were removed yesterday from the vault at Oak Ridge Cemetery, Springfield, to the new vault erected near the site proposed for the monument. The remains of Mr. Lincoln's two children were placed in the same vault.

Robert Lincoln and the directors of the National Monument Association were present at the removal.

Gov. James L. Orr of South Carolina has sent a dispatch to Secretary Seward in response to that of the latter, announcing the President's supercedure of the Provisional Government in that State. Gov. Orr states that this announcement will be most gratifying to the South Carolinians, returns thanks in their name, and declares his "unalterable purpose to aid in upholding the supremacy of the laws of the United States."

Some time ago a sum of money was found in the Rochester Depot, which, by describing property, can be had by calling at the *Argus* office.

GREENWOOD INSTITUTE

FOR

YOUNG LADIES.

THE WINTER TERM OF 12 WEEKS, will commence on

Wednesday the 3d day of January, 1866.

☞ For particulars enquire of

Mrs. C. F. GANTZ, *Principal*,

dec27'65 New Brighton, Pa.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

By virtue of an order issued of the Orphans' Court the county of Beaver, the undersigned Executor of the last will and testament of Matthew Elder, dec'd, late of Beaver county, will expose to sale by public vendue or out-cry, on the premises, on

Saturday, Jan. 27th, 1866

at 1 p. m., the following described piece of parcel of land, situate in Darlington tp., Beaver county, bounded on the west by land of Wm. Harvey Knight, on the north by land of Selah Chamberlin, on the east by other lands of said Testater, and on the south by the tail race of the Woolen Manufactory or other lands of said Testator; containing about 150 acres, more or less, about 80 acres cleared and underlaid with a good vein of coal; on which is erected a hewed log barn, with frame sheds; fruit trees on the premises. The farm is well watered, and public schools, mills and churches convenient; about four miles from Darlington.

Terms.—One-third of the purchase money on the confirmation of the sale by the court, balance in two equal, annual payments, from the date of the confirmation of the sale by the Court; back payments to be secured by bond and mortgage.

For further particulars inquire of the undersigned at Elder's Mills, Beaver co., Pa.

dec27'65. REUBEN WATT,
Ex'r, Matthew Elder, dec'd.

New Shoe Store IN BEAVER!

ROBERT TALLON WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to his customers and friends generally, that he has just opened a

New Shoe Store in Beaver,

and is now ready to supply the public with the best assortment of

MEN'S,
BOYS',
LADIES' and
CHILDREN'S WEAR

ever brought to this county. Ladies shoes of all kinds and best qualities. They were bought on advantageous terms, and will be sold at reduced rates.

☞ Come and see, one and all. We cannot be undersold.

☞ Store one door East of I. N. Atkins' Clothing Store. oct4

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration on the estate of Samuel M'Connell, late of South Beaver township, Beaver county, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement

dec20'65. PETER CROWL, Adm'r. South Beaver tp.

RAILROADS.

PITTS. FT. W. & C. R. R.

On and after Nov. 19, 1865, Trains will leave Stations daily, Sundays excepted, as follows: (Train leaving Chicago at 5,50 P. M. leaves daily.)

TRAINS GOING WEST.

	Exp's.	Mail.	Exp's.	Exp's.
Pittsburg	250AM	700AM	345PM	2405PM
Rochester	400 "	830 "	305 "	425 "
N. Brighton	..... "	843 "	316 "	435 "
Enon	442 "	935 "	408 "	522 "
Columbiana	517 "	1017 "	447 "	600 "
Salem	540 "	1048 "	515 "	630 "
Alliance	630 "	1150 "	615 "	730 "
Canton	705 "	1242PM	703 "	820 "
Massillon	730 "	102 "	730 "	850 "
Orrville	802 "	145 "	810 "	925 "
Wooster	830 "	222 "	845 "	957 "
Loudonville	922 "	328 "	945 "	1065 "
Mansfield	1010 "	425 "	1085 "	1145 "
Crestline Ar	1045 "	500 "	1110 "	1215AM
Crestline De	1115 "	640AM	700AM	1255 "
Bucyrus	1145 "	710 "	733 "	125 "
U. Sandusky	1224PM	750 "	823 "	207 "
Forest	1255 "	825 "	857 "	240 "
Lima	218 "	943 "	1020 "	402 "
Delphos	253 "	1025 "	1102 "	436 "
Van Wert	324 "	1100 "	1139 "	505 "
Fort Wayne	500 "	1235PM	145PM	645 "
Columbia	545 "	122 "	236 "	728 "
Huntsville	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Pierceton	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Warsaw	639 "	215 "	333 "	820 "
Bourbon	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Plymouth	741 "	382 "	440 "	920 "
Wanatah	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Valparaiso	922 "	458 "	630 "	1052 "
Hobart	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Clarke	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Ill C. RR. Cros	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
R Isl. RR J'n	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Chicago	1120 "	700 "	840 "	1250PM

TRAINS GOING EAST.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Exp's	Exp's.
Chicago	440AM	620AM	650PM	1020PM
R. Isl RR June	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Ill C. RR Cros	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Clarke	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Hobart	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Valparaso	650 "	805 "	741 "	1243 "
Wanatah	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Plymouth	844 "	940 "	940 "	225 "
Bourbon	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Warsaw	1002 "	1038 "	1035 "	337 "
Pierceton	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Huntsville	..... "	..... "	..... "	..... "
Columbia	1101 "	1125 "	1123 "	432 "
Fort Wayne	1235PM	1230PM	1225AM	556 "
Van Wert	211 "	148 "	146 "	721 "
Delphos	253 "	214 "	214 "	756 "
Lima	335 "	247 "	245 "	830 "
Forest	445 "	357 "	407 "	950 "
U. Sandusky	525 "	425 "	440 "	1023 "
Bucyrus	609 "	503 "	526 "	1112 "
Crestline Ar	640 "	530 "	600 "	1145 "
Crestline De	730AM	600 "	640 "	1245PM
Mansfield	810 "	633 "	715 "	118 "
Loudonville	922 "	718 "	800 "	204 "
Wooster	1025 "	811 "	850 "	255 "
Orrville	1100 "	838 "	920 "	323 "
Massillon	1145 "	914 "	956 "	359 "
Canton	1205PM	932 "	1017 "	420 "
Alliance	120 "	1020 "	1180 "	525 "
Salem	200 "	1055 "	1205PM	600 "
Columbiana	230 "	1117 "	1231 "	629 "
Enon	320 "	1152 "	112 "	655 "
N. Brighton	410 "	1225AM	148 "	735 "
Rochester	430 "	1240 "	200 "	750 "
Pittsburgh	600 "	150 "	310 "	920 "

For New Castle and Erie, 6.40 a. m. Accommodation trains leave Allegheny for New Brighton—9 00 a. m; 11-50 a. m; 2.05 p. m; 4.20 p. m; 5.40 p. m. For *Economy*, 10,30 p. m. For New Castle, Greenville and Jamestown, Pa., 3.50 p. m.

F. R. MYERS, Gen. Ticket Agt.

CLEVE. & PITTS. RR.

On and after Nov. 19, 1865, trains will leave stations daily, Sundays excepted, as follows.

GOING SOUTH.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Mail.	Accom
Cleveland	800AM	235PM	.....	340PM
Euclid street	811 "	246 "	.....	353 "
Hudson	915 "	343 "	.....	500 "
Akron	..... "	..... "	.....	..... "
Orrville	..... "	..... "	.....	..... "
Millersburg	..... "	..... "	.....	..... "
Ravenna	950 "	418 "	.....	536 "
Alliance	1049 "	509 "	.....	635 "
Bayard	1125 "	544 "	.....	..... "
Wellsville	1255PM	730 "	.....	..... "

GOING NORTH.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Accom	Exp's.
Wellsville	840AM	515PM	.....	.....
Bayard	1012 "	653 "	.....	.....
Alliance	1100 "	728 "	630AM	.....
Ravanna	1150 "	817 "	7 3 "	.....
Millersburg	..... "	..... "	.....	.....
Orrville	..... "	..... "	.....	.....
Akron	..... "	..... "	.....	.....
Hudson	1227PM	851 "	800 "	.....
Euclid street	133 "	949 "	916 "	.....
Cleveland	145 "	1000 "	930 "	.....

GOING EAST.

	Mail.	Exp's.	Exp's	Accom
Belaire	1050AM	600AM	510PM	.....
Bridgeport	1100 "	615 "	522 "	.....
Lagrange	1142 "	711 "	603 "	.....
Steubenville	1203PM	733 "	620 "	710AM
Wellsville	115 "	840 "	714 "	755 "
Smith's Ferry	137 "	905 "	.....	835 "
Beaver	207 "	940 "	815AM	850 "
Rochester	215 "	1000 "	930 "	1000 "
Pittsburgh	330 "	1115 "	.....	.....

GOING WEST.

	Exp's.	Exp's.	Mail.	Accom
Pittsburgh	230PM	505PM	600AM	350PM
Rochester	340 "	620 "	716 "	510 "
Beaver	..... "	..... "	738 "	525 "
Smith's Ferry	426 "	..... "	755 "	605 "
Wellsville	520 "	750 "	830 "	645 "
Steubenville	620 "	850 "	940 "	.....
Lagrange	640 "	910 "	1002 "	.....
Bridgeport	727 "	957 "	1100 "	.....
Bellaire	740 "	1010 "	1115 "	.....

TUSCARAWAS BRANCH.

Leaves	Arrives
N. Philadelphia 7.10 a m	Bayard, 9.50 p m
Bayard, 11.4 a m.	N. Philadel 2.20 P.M.

F. R. MYERS, General Ticket Agent.

BEAVER ACADEMY

THE Winter Term of this Institution will commence

Tuesday, January 2d, 1866,

under the charge of

M. GANTZ

as Principal.

It is the desire, and will be the aim, to make this a thorough English, Classical and Commercial School, and to sustain the high character it has heretofore maintained.

Good opportunities will be afforded to young men and boys who desire to obtain a thorough English and Business Education, and to those who may desire a Classical Education, or to fit themselves for entering the higher College classes.

For rates of tuition, &c., send for circular.

Address the Principal at New Brighton, Beaver county, Pa., or the undersigned.

H. HICE,
Sec. Board of Trustees, Beaver, Pa.

THE BEAVER ARGUS

December 27th, 1865.

LOCAL and MISCELLANEOUS.

☞ NOTICE.—We again remind those subscribers who have not paid up for the present year, that after the 1st of January we will positively collect the fifty cents additional for non-payment in time.

☞ NO PAPER NEXT WEEK.—It being customary with the country press generally not to issue a paper during the holidays, there will be none issued from this office next week.

☞ COMPLIMENTARY.—Hon. George V. Lawrence and Hon. J. K. Moorhead will please accept our thanks for favors received.

☞ The Reno *Times* estimates the daily product of the oil regions at from 10,000 to 20,000 barrels.

☞ Col. M. S. Quay, our Representative, left for Harrisburg this afternoon, to attend the meeting of the Legislature, which takes place on Tuesday next.

☞ At Massillon, O., butter is selling at 25 cents per pound, and plenty.

☞ BE CAREFUL.—People cannot be too careful about water on the pavements. Every drop spilled upon the cold stones will freeze, and walking on the pavements is not only immensely annoying but it is positively dangerous.

☞ The pride of boarding at the first and second class hotels in Oil city, has been reduced to $8 and $6 per day.

☞ Hon. Daniel Agnew, Judge of Supreme Court, leaves for Philadelphia Monday next, to attend the winter session. He will be absent two or three months.

☞ Marshal and Frecke, the Boyd Hill murderers, are to hung, at Pittsburg, on the 12th of January, and Mrs. Grinder, the poisoner, will be hung on the 19th of same month.

☞ *In Pithole*, where there are 12,000 inhabitants, *but few* citizens have been residents long enough to be entitled to a vote. At a recent election for Burgess but six hundred votes were cast.

☞ Mrs. Isabella Marks died at the residence of her son, James Marks, of Hopewell township, aged 89. She was born in 1776, the year that gave birth to the Declaration of Independence.

ANOTHER STRIKE.—Last week the Vesuvius Oil company struck a fine well on the Little Beaver, near the mouth of Island Run. We are informed that it is flowing eighteen or twenty barrels a day.

☞ Bestwick sold a large number of his excellent stoves for Christmas presents, and we learn the purchasers are greatly delighted with their bargains. In view of this we would recommend others to secure a similar present for New Years.

HANDSOME DONATION.—The Freedmen's Aid Commission of Western Pennsylvania acknowledges the receipt of one thousand dollars, as a *donation* to their cause, from Messrs. *Baker and Henrici*, of the Economy Society.

STATE MILITARY CLAIMS.—General W. W. *Irwin*, President of the Board of Military Claims, states that a large number of claims that have been adjudicated by the board are in the office of the Auditor General, awaiting the post-office address of the claimants, and persons making inquiry about such claims should address that office.

☞ The Lancaster Oil Company, operating on the Dickey property, at Sharon, struck, *it is said*, a fine vein of *fish* oil, at a depth of 850 feet, last week. They tubed the well, but in their hurry to bring up the *whale* they broke the sucker rod and some of the tubing. We hope the report in regard to the kind of oil obtained is true, as it will be a fine thing for the company and citizens generally.

SOME PORK.—Mr. Samuel Wilson, of North Beaver township, slaughtered a pig a few days ago, eleven months old, weighing three hundred and sixty-eight and a half pounds.—Hard to beat.—*New Castle Gazette.*

The above is "*some* pork," but down in Beaver county we have *some more*. Wm. Shrodes, Esq., Steward of the County Poor House, informs us that last week he killed a hog eighteen months old, which weighed, when dressed, 500 pounds. We consider this *very* "hard to beat."

"SAINTS' REST."—Such is the title given to the borough of Beaver by a correspondent of the Pittsburg *Commercial*: cause why—the great number of preachers residing in the place. We object to the title, and hope correspondents will not persist in ruining the business of our handsome village by any such blighting representations.

The above, clipped from the *Beaver County Local* of last week, is a specimen of the good taste and refinement of its Noble county editor. The society in which he has heretofore moved must indeed have been very low.

☞ The Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company have made a contract for twenty five new engines, to cost between $500,000 and $600,000. The company has, during the year, made large expenditures for construction, and has sold stock, it is stated, to the extent of a million and a quarter dollars. The earnings of the road for the month of November were $713,471, against $691,555 for the same period last year, increase $21,916.

PROPOSED CHANGE.—The citizens of Greenville, Mercer county, are agitating the question of removing the county seat from Mercer to that place. They propose, if the change is made, to build at their expense a neat and handsome court-house and a secure jail, to be used by the county, instead of the old shells now in use, thus relieving the county of over one thousand dollars in the shape of taxes.—On completion of the Bear Creek, Jamestown and Franklin railroad, Greenville will be the most accessible point in the county.

NEW COUNTERFEIT.—A new counterfeit five dollar treasury note has just made its appearance. At a cursory glance it would not be detected by parties not accustomed to handling money, but an expert would call it a decidedly poor imitation. In no respect whatever does the engraving approximate that of the original and any one with an idea of good engraving ought to detect the swindle at once. The paper is rather dark and more brittle than the genuine.

Eds. ARGUS: It was the good fortune of your correspondent to be present at the examination of the pupils of the Beaver Female Seminary and Musical Institue, which occurred on the 13th and 14th inst. The attendance of the public was good, and yet it was not what it should have been. Our citizens, even the patrons of the school, to say nothing of the resident Trustees, do not evince that interest in this matter, that the interests involved warrant.

I cannot recount all the exercises, and it were invidious to make comparisons. The whole passed off admirably, giving entire satisfaction to the visitors. The classes, without exception, acquitted themselves well under the thorough examination to which they were subjected. One praiseworthy feature was especially noticeable—the parrot-like recitation which is common in some places, and with some teachers, was almost entirely wanting. The training of the young ladies (I of course do not speak of *training* for examination), was evidently such as to secure true scholarship.

The standing of the pupils, both in study and in conduct, so far as it was announced, was above the average. It was a matter of regret that the audience were not furnished with the standing of all the classes; this is is a better criterion of judgment as to real progress than any public display can be.

The teachers have done their several parts in such way, with such tact, and skill, and patience, as to entitle them to the thanks of pupils, patrons and public alike. The Institution and the community are to be congratulated upon the present facility. All the departments are filled with zealous, painstaking, efficient instructors.

In speaking through your columns I know I only express, in the little said, a small part of the gratification felt alike by all who attended the exercises, and by THE COMMITTEE.

A BOLD THIEF.—One day last week, a man by the name of G. B. Smith, who has been residing for several months past at Industry, in this county, stole forty-six head of sheep from the farm of another man named Thomas Smith, (no relation, however) in Ohio township. The sheep were driven to Industry, and some two days after, the first named Smith had six of the animals tied and on the railroad platform ready to be shipped by the morning accommodation train to Pittsburg. It appears that Thomas Smith, being in search of his stolen sheep, was a passenger on the train, and, on his arrival at Industry, immediately recognized the sheep upon the platform as those he was in search of, and prohibited their shipment. The thief eluded detection by his namesake, by jumping into the baggage car and passing back into a passenger car, in which he remained, unsuspected, until the arrival of the train at Mead station, two and a half miles east of Industry. He here left the train, took to the woods, and has not been heard of since. The owner of the sheep secured the full compliment stolen.—*Local, 22d inst.*

RESTITUTION.—A. B. Craig, formerly in the employ of Chambers & Matthews, Washington, Pa., who purloined money and articles from his employers, in which he was detected, and of which he made restitution, has recently returned from California, in order to relieve his conscience still further. He sent for Mr. Harding, in whose employ he was previously, and placed in his hands the sum of $5,500, to be applied as follows: $3,500 to Mr. Harding; $1,000 to Messrs Chambers & Matthews; and $1,000 to Mr. Isaac Beeson of Uniontown, in whose employ he had been previous to his going to Washington This, he alleged, covered every cent he had taken from his employers, and he expressed the utmost joy at having been able to restore it all to them, as he could enjoy the peace of conscience to which he had been a stranger so long as the ill-gotton gain remained in his possession.

PETROLEUM AS FUEL.—A process has just been patented in Philadelphia whereby petroleum is safely used as fuel for steam boilers. It is claimed that in a boiler, in the open air, they can generate one hundred and sixty-three gallons of cold water into steam in thirty minutes with some two and a half gallons of oil, having the fire under the most perfect control. The feeding of the fire is also novel, while perfectly safe and free from danger. In England the same thing has been accomplished. There, stokers and firemen are dispensed with. The engineer controls the supply of fuel from moment to moment, and regulates the heat as required, with the greatest accuracy. It is by no means clear that this will not be an economical mode of using steam power. If it be practicable to unite the hydrogen of water with this kind of fuel, there would be no question about ecolomy.

DIVORCE SUITS continue to multiply in Philadelphia. In the year 1863 there were one hundred and seventy-one suits brought for divorce, only one of which divorce from bed and board, all the others being for a full divorce, which allows both parties to marry again. Of this number but twenty-nine were granted, the remaining suits having been withdrawn or proceedings stopped. In 1864 there were two hundred and forty-three suits, of which thirty-six were granted. During the present year there have been two hundred and eighty-two suits, of which number thirty have been granted.

CHRISTMAS is over, and although there was a great run on Peter Angel, he is still prepared to accommodate all who wish to buy anything in his line, for New Years. He is ever alive to the interests of his patrons, and always lays in his stock in time.

☞ A correspondent, writing from Smith's Ferry, says that the hotel accommodations are entirely inadequate to the demand, but that there is a company forganizing for the purpose of getting up a first class hotel in Glasgow. A wharf boat and steamboat is also being projected by the Glasgow and Georgetown steamboat owners.

MARRIED:

December 21st, by Rev. S. Burt, Mr. COCHRAN RAMSEY, of Beaver, Pa., to Miss SALLIE A. SUTHERLAND, of Vanport, Pa.

DIED:

On the 9th inst., near Keithsburg, Mercer county, Illinois, JOHN BODEN, son of Wm. K. Boden, Esq., formerly of this place, aged about 18 years.

COAL!

I AM prepared to deliver Coal of the best quality on shortest notice. Orders left at I. N Atkins' Clothing Store, Beaver, Stiles & Shallenberger's Grocery, Bridgewater, S. J. Cross & Co.'s Dry Good Store, Rochester, will receive prompt attention.

dec20'65—3m. WM. PORTER.

NOTICE

To Stockholders of the Phillipsburg and Rochester Steam Ferry Company

THE STOCKHOLDERS of said Company are requested to meet at the house of Henry Bimber, in Phillipsburg, on Saturday, December 23d, 1865, at 1 o'clock, P. M. to take into consideration the payment of the debt owing by said Company for building machinery, &c., and determine how it shall be paid, whether by assessments on the present stock or otherwise.

A GENERAL ATTENDANCE IS EARNESTLY REQUESTED.

By order of the Board of Directors

dec20,'65. CHAS. B. HURST, Sec'y.

Groceries.

Prepared Mince Meat—very nice;
Sweet Cider;
New Currants;
Raisins—Mait and Layer;
Citron and Lemon Peel;
Spices of all kinds;
Shaker Dried Corn;
Cranberries;
Choice Dried Peaches;
Fresh Prunes;
Pickles in Vinegar;
Canned Vegetables and Fruits;
MALTBY'S BALTIMORE OYSTERS,
And a full assortment of Groceries for sale by

STILES & SHALLENBERGER.

TO SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

THE PITTSBURGH SANITARY SOLDIERS' HOME, under the charge of Dr. Cyrus King, an experienced Army Surgeon, is now open for the reception of sick, wounded, maimed, and helpless soldiers and sailors, FREE OF EXPENSE.

Applicants will receive a Permit, by applying to any of the Directors, and be admitted to the Home, provided their discharge papers are approved by the Surgeon.

R. C. LOOMIS, President.
ORMSBY PHILLIPS, Sec'y.

Thos. Bakewell, C. W. Batchelor,
N. Holmes, John Watt,
W. S. Haven, Jno. W Chalfant,
Wm. McCreery, G.L. B Fetterman.

no v22'65.

ROCHESTER NEWS DEPOT,

NEAR R. R. STATION,

ROCHESTER.

FOR ALBUMS, BOOK OR STATIONERY, go to Rochester News Depot.

FOR WATCHES, FINE JEWELRY, &C., go to Linnenbrink's, Rochester.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of THOMAS STEVENSON, late of Hanover township, Beaver County, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES STEVENSON,
oct11'65. Administrator.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned on the state of JAMES FERGUSON, late of Pulaski tp., Beaver county, Pa, deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately and those having claims against the same will present them to the subscriber duly authenticated for settlement.

EDWARD HOOPS } Ex'rs.
nov8 JAS C. FERGUSON, }

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

WHEREAS letters of administration on the estate of AARON HOOD, late of Greene township, Beaver county, Penna., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

GIBSON HOOD, Adm'r.,
nov18'65 Greene tp.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of JAS. L. M'CREERY, late of Beaver boro', Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

ROBT. M'CREERY, Adm'r.,
nov15'65 Beaver.

EXECUTRIX'S NOTICE.

LETTERS Testamentary on the estate of JOHN TEETS, dec'd., late of New Sewickly twp., Beaver county, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

CHRISTINA C. TEETS, Ex'rx.
nov15 New Sewickly tp.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS, letters testamentary on the estate of NARCISSA J. JUDY, late of Brighton tp, Beaver county, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to made immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOSEPH C. WILSON, Ex'r,
dec13 Beaver.

IF you want to buy Pure Drugs, Medicine and Chemicals, go to Moore's Drug Store.

IF you want to buy the best Paints, Oils Dye Stuffs, go to Moore's Drug Store.

HOLIDAYS!

HOLIDAYS!

If you want a nice VELVET, SILK OR STRAW BONNET FOR A HOLIDAY PRESENT, GO TO

GEALY'S

Corner of Bridge and Market streets, Bridgewater.

If you want a nice Silk, Felt, or Straw Hat, Go to Gealy's

If you want Flowers, Ruches, Plumes, Ribbons, Ornaments, Scars, Fancy Goods, or any kind of Millinery Goods, Go to Gealy's.

If you want a nice set of Furs, for a Holiday present, go to Gealy's.

If you want any kind of Trimmings, go to Gealy's

If you want good Balmoral Skirts, Hoop Skirts, or Corsets, cheap, go to Gealy's.

If you want a nice Zephy Knit Shawl, Breakfast Cape, Hood, Nubia, or Infant's Talma, go to Gealy's.

If you want good Shoes, and very cheap, go to Gealy's.

If you want Hosiery, Gloves Embroideries, fine Baskets, old Ladies' Caps, Head Dresses, &c, go to Gealy's.

If you want Millinery work of any kind don cheaper than any other place in the county, or if you want Stamping, Pinking, Cloak-cutting and making, cheap, go to Gealy's.

Cloaking Cloths of all kinds always on hand, cheap, at Gealy's.

☞ Remember the place—room formerly occupied by MRS. REES' (opposite the store of A. C. Hurst), Bridgewater.

WATT GEALY.

NEW BRIGHTON RETREAT

AN ASYLUM FOR THE RECEPTION, CURE AND TREATMENT OF MENTAL ALIENATION OR DISORDER

And Other

Nervous and Chronic Diseases,

EXCLUSIVELY FOR FEMALES

THIS institution is now open for the reception, care, and treatment of the *independent class* of patients who are laboring under mental derangement; or other nervous and chronic disease. We make special mention of nervous and chronic diseases, from the fact that seven tenths of the female patients that are committed to our public Asylums, to be treated for disordered minds, are reduced to that lamentable condition through previous physical disorder. By a well timed and judicious treatment of chronic and nervous diseases, all physical disorders, in the majority of cases may be removed; and thus the mind, having suffered through the medium of the body, will when free from the exciting physical cause, throw off the shackles that has bound it to worse than midnight darkness, and reason will, once more, resume its sway, clothed in all its primitive beauty and wonted excellence. Hence the necessity of all those, who are laboring under the predisposing or exciting causes, calculated in the end to impair the mind to resort to an early and judicious course of remedial agents.

The Institution is a large brick building with a stone basement—four stories high and well ventilated. It is situated on an elevated table land which commands a view of entire town—adjacent hills—groves and neighboring streams; all of which are calculated to produce favorable impressions upon the disordered mind.

The Institution is complete in all of its appointments. Having been tastefully fitted up at great expense, in order that it may meet the approbation and views of the most fastidious.

The water closets and bathing apparatus have been gotten up upon the most approved modern scientific principles. This department embraces not only the ordinary baths but, also, the medicated, warm air and ascending and descending *douche* for the more effectual and successful treatment of cutaneous and other scrofulous diseases.

We beg leave to say to all those who may be disposed to commit the interests of a dear wife, sister or daughter, to our charge—may be assured that no means will be spared or efforts wanting on our part to ameliorate their condition or to effect a restoration to their accustomed health and vigor of mind.

For further particulars send for a circular. All communications should be addressed to

E. KENDRICK, M. D.
Supt. of New Brighton Retreat
New Brighton
nov12. Beaver Co. Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of CHARLES M. KELIN, late of Borough twp., Beaver co., dec'd, having been issued to the undersigned, all persons indebted are required to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them, properly authenticated for settlement.

JOHN KELIN, Admr.,
New Brighton.
dec13'65

Valuable Property For Sale.

I OFFER for sale the house in which I now reside, and three lots belonging to the same. The house is a good two story frame, containing six rooms, with a coal house and wash house attached. A good stable on the lots.—For terms, &c., apply to me at my residence, Beaver, Pa. JOHN MAY.

AT MOORE'S DRUG STORE,

IN BEAVER

May be found the best assortment of

DRUGS,
Medicines,
CHEMICALS
PURE
LIQUORS, WINES And Brandies,
Paints, Oils,

AND

DYE STUFFS;

TOILET ARTICLES, SOAPS,

BRUSHES.

PATENT MEDICINES

in great variety, all of the best quality, and sold cheaper than can be bought at any other Drug Store in the county.

Duponco's Female Pills 75 cents per box; Cheeseman's, $1: Clark's, $1.

The Largest stock of

Lamps and Lamp Trimmings, Lanterns, Stationery, Oils, Paints, and Dye Stuffs,

ever offered outside of the city, at Moore's Drug Store, and sold cheaper than can be bought anywhere else. Let those who doubt this call and see, and they will doubt no more

Dec18,'65. J. MOORE.

C. K. CHAMBERLIN.....J. S. WINANS.

CHAMBERLIN & WINANS,

NEW BRIGHTON, PA.,

DEALERS IN

HARDWARE,

IRON, NAILS, GLASS,

AND

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
CARPENTERS' TOOLS,
BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS,
MASONS' TOOLS,
SHOEMAKERS TOOLS,
SADDLERS' TOOLS,
PLASTERERS' TOOLS,
MINERS' TOOLS.
SADDLERY HARDWARE
BENT FELLOWS & SHAFTS,
LOCKS, BOLTS & HINGES,
PICKS MATTOCKS & HOES,
COUNTER & PLATFORM SCALES,
TABLE & POCKET CUTLERY,
HORSE SHOES & NAILS,
TIRE & CARRIAGE BOLTS & NUTS,
CORN SHELLERS, STRAW CUTTERS.

AGENTS FOR

EXCELSIOR MOWER AND REAPER, AND NEW BRIGHTON FIRE-BRICK WORKS.

Dec6,'65.

DRY GOODS!

FURS,

CLOAKS & SHAWLS!

CHEAP! CHEAP!! CHEAP?!!

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

DRY GOODS

EVER BROUGHT TO THE CITY

The best assortment of

Ladies', Misses & Children's Furs

ever offered this side of New York.

CLOAKS & SHAWLS.

An excellent stock, and very cheap.

Also, a good assortment of

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, RUGS, &c.

These good were all bought direct from the Manufacturers, by the case, bale and package, which enables us to sell at very low prices.

The attention of wholesale and retail buyers is directed to our stock.

☞ Give us a call and be convinced.

DUNIAP, LUKER & CO.,
186 Federal st, 4 doors below Market-house,
dec6:6m] ALLEGHENY CITY.

SKATES!

LADIES',
GENTS, and
CHILDREN'S SKATES,

For sale at CHAMBERLIN & WINANS' Hardware Store, New Brighton. [dec18:4t

IF you want to buy the best Cigars and bacco, go to Moore & Drug store

POSITIVE SALE

OF NEW DRY GOODS,

AT

F. A. FORTUNE'S,

IN ROCHESTER.

One case Good Dark Prints, Only 20 cents.

One case best Dark Prints, Only 25 cents.

One case 3-4 Bleached Muslins, Only 20 cents.

One bale of Unbleached Muslins, Only 20 cents.

These Goods are the Greatest Bargains of the Season.

20 pieces all wool barred miners' Flannels, only 50 cents.

50 pieces barred country Flandels, only 75 cts.

4-4 feather Ticking, only 60 cents.

Best 4-4 bleached Muslin, 40 cents.

20 pieces 5-4 Wool Deleines, all colors, only $1,30; worth $1,87.

20 pieces best double twilled Merinos, all colors, only $1,50; worth $2.

Boys' Shoes, only 50 cents;
Boys' Heavy Brogans, $1,00;
Boys' Heavy Winter Boots, only $1,80;
Men's Hats, from $1,25 upward.

MILLINERY GOODS,
BREAKFAST SHAWLS,
NOTIONS,
NUBIAS,
SONTAGS,
HOODS, &c,

Very Cheap.

SHAWLS,
BLANKETS,
PANT STUFFS, and
DOMESTICS,

Lower than can be had elsewhere.

GOOD UNION CASIMERES

FOR WINTER WEAR,

Only 45 cents.

We do not wish to advertise worthless goods or articles calculated to deceive the readers of the ARGUS, and when we say these goods are better and cheaper than can be had elsewhere, we mean it; and being thankful for the kind patronage heretofore bestowed, we solicit a continuance of the same, at our large and well arranged Room in the Diamond.

Come and see for yourselves, before purchasing.

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS.

All Goods warranted New and Fresh.

2,000 remnants at only 25 cents per yard

REMEMBER THE PLACE

F. A. Fortune's

CELEBRATED

DRY GOODS,

SHOE, AND NOTION STORE,

NEXT DOOR TO POST-OFFICE

ROCHESTER, PA.

THE best Paint, Scrub, and Shoe Brushes of all qualities and kinds to be had at Moore's Drug Store, corner of Third street and Bank Alley, Beaver, Pa.

NIAGARA FIRE INSURANCE CO.

OF NEW YORK CITY.

Capital stock.....$1,000,000 00
Surplus.....246,831 34
Total Assets.....$1,246,831 34

Settlement of the affairs on the 12th Dec. '64.
Capital stock.....$1,000,000 00
Liabilities.....5,617 50
Surplus.....241,213 84
$1,246,831 34

Assets:
Cash in bank and in office.....$ 61,071 12
Bonds and mortgages.....275,600 00
Stock loans, amply secured.....426,410 00
Bonds and stocks owned by the Co 452,672 37
Interest accrued.....15,858 03
Premiums in course of collection.....3,112 50
Othe securities.....8,207 23
Total Assets.....$1,246,831 34

The Dividends declared since the organization of the company, Aug. 1st, 1850, 242 per ct.

JOS. M'CLURE, Ag't,
oct25 Beaver, Pa.

THE ENTERPRISE INSURANCE Co.

400 *Walnut st., Philadelphia.*

Capital—paid up in full.....$200,000 00

Assets, June 28, 1865:

Bonds and mortgages—all first liens on real estate in Philadelphia...$230,466 81
Ground rents—on real est do..... 7,400 00
United States Loans..... 58,899 99
Girard bank stock..... 2,625 00
Phila. city 6 per ct. Loans..... 4,060 00
Real estate—office building, &c.. 38,134 71
Cash in bank and on hand..... 4,898 57
Due by agents..... 6,814 20
Interest accrued, but not due..... 4,005 21
Interest due and unpaid..... 684 90
$349,908 44

Term and perpetual insurances effected by this company at as low rates of premium as safety to the company and to the insured will admit. F. RETCHFORD STARR, Pres.

THOS. H. MONTGOMERY, V. Pres't,
B. LOCKWOOD, Sec'y,
oct25 JOS. M'CLURE, Ag't, Beaver, Pa.

INSURANCE AGAINST ACCIDENTS.

The Travelers' Insurance Company,

OF HARTFORD CONN.

CAPITAL.....$500,000;

Insurance Against Accidents of Every Description.

GENERAL ACCIDENT POLICIES for $500 in case of fatal accident, or $3 per week compensation while disabled by accident, may be had for an annual premium of THREE DOLLARS.

TEN DOLLARS ANNUAL PREMIUM secures a Policy for $2,000, or $10 per week compensation, for any kind of disabling accident, whether traveling or otherwise, at the *ordinary* rate—$12 at *special* rate.

TWENTY FIVE DOLLARS PREMIUM secures a policy for $5,000, with $25 per week compensation, at *ordinary* rate—$30 premium at *special* rate.

FIFTY DOLLARS PREMIUM secures a full Policy for $10,000, with $50 per week compensation at the *ordinary* rate—$60 premium at *special* rate.

☞ Policies written for any sum from $500 to $10,000, and for three or five years, also for Foreign, West India or California travel. Hazardous Risks taken at Hazardous Rates. No medical examination required.—Policies written by the Company's Agents.

Over three Hundred Claims for Compensation

Had been paid by the TRAVELERS INSURANCE COMPANY, up to August 1st, 1865, and about *Twenty Thousand Policies* issued.

JAMES G. BATTERSON, Pres't.
RODNEY DENNIS, Sec'y.
J. M'CLURE, Agent,
oct25'65. Beaver, Pa.

CHAS. B. HURST
Banker and Broker,

AND DEALER IN

Real state, Stocks, Government Bonds, and other Securities.

INSURANCE & CLAIM AGENT,

Conveyancer & General Agent.

THE subscriber having opened an office at Rochester, (in the room lately occupied by F. A. Fortune) respectfully solicits the patronage of his friends and the public in general.

Particular attention given to the adjustment of Officers' accounts, and ALL claims arising out of the present war, such as *Pensions, Patents, Bounties, Arrears of Pay, Prize Money, &c., &c.*

Being agent for the Ætna Insurance Co. of Hartford, Ct., the North America of Philadelphia, and the Manufacturers' & Merchants' of Pittsburg, I will issue policies in either of the companies named.

Farms, houses and lots for sale.

Shares in the oil lands of the celebrated Island Run region for sale, where every well has proved a success. Also shares in wells producing or under way, and leases.

I will also sell my residence in Rochester, beautifully situated, and within a few minutes walk of the Ohio river and Railway stations. Terms liberal.

Deeds drawn up and acknowledged.

Fire risks taken in first class Insurance Companies.

Revenue stamps always on hand.

Refers to John A. Caughey, Jos. Plummer, Wm. H. Smith & Co., Pittsburg.

CHAS. B. HURST.

Rochester, Nov. 29, '65

ATTENTION!

I HAVE constantly on hand a supply of the Putnam (Iron Frame) Clothes Wringer, and would call attention to the Manufacturer's advertisement for the Universal Clothes Wringer, W. G. Wolf, Agent. Mr. W having removed from the State and transferred his machines to me, I will keep a constant supply

Also, constantly on hand, Crude oil by the barrel and crude oil burners.

oct25 JOS. M'CLURE, Ag't, Beaver.

TOWN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE property owned and formerly occupied by Capt. Charles W. May, on Market St., consisting of one good two story frame house and a one story house, two lots, with an excellent well of water that never fails, is offered for sale. Persons desiring to purchase desirable property, had better call soon on Capt. JOHN MAY, who is authorized to sell the same!

Dec6,'65

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!

FRESH BALTIMORE SEA SHORE OYSTERS received day and for sale at cor 13th PETER ANGEL'S, Bridgewater

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, the undersigned Executor of the last will and testament of Matthew Elder, dec'd, late of Beaver county, will expose to sale by public vendue or out-cry, on the premises, on

Wednesday, Jan. 10th, 1866.

at 1 o'clock, the following described piece or parcel of land, situate in Darlington tp., Beaver county, bounded on the west by land of Wm. Harvey Knight, on the north by land of Selah Chamberlin, on the east by other lands of said Testator, and on the south by the tail race of the Woolen Manufactory or other lands of said Testator; containing about 150 acres, more or less, about 80 acres cleared and underlaid with a good vein of coal; on which is erected a hewed log barn, with frame sheds; fruit trees on the premises. The farm is well watered, and public schools, mills and churches convenient, about four miles from Darlington.

TERMS.—One-third of the purchase money on the confirmation of the sale by the court, balance in two equal, annual payments, from the date of the confirmation of the sale by the Court, back payments to be secured by bond and mortgage.

For further particulars inquire of the undersigned at Elder's Mills, Beaver co., Pa.

REUBEN WATT,
dec14'65. Ex'r, *Matthew Elder, dec'd.*

LOSSES PAID IN 46 YEARS

OVER

$13,000,000.

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY

HARTFORD, CT.

NET ASSETS, JAN., 1865,

$3,677,362,71

FIRE AND INLAND

Navigation Risks.

☞ Agencies in all the principal Cities and Towns in the United States.

Applications for Insurance will be promptly attended to.

CHAS. COALE, Agent.
dec6'65—3mos New Brighton.

VARIETIES

TOYS AND BOOKS,

AT

B. MULHEIM'S

BRIDGE St., BRIDGEWATER.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the public that he is now receiving NEW GOODS in the line of all the various TOYS and VARIETY GOODS for the Fall and COMING HOLIDAYS. Having purchased in the Eastern cities at low prices, he can sell cheaper than any house in Pittsburg.

In connection with his collection of Variety Goods, he keeps Stationery of all kinds, Oil Cloths of all patterns, School Books of all descriptions and prices, Albums, Looking Glasses, Blank Books of all sizes, Day Books, Ledgers, Pens, Pencils, in short everything usually kept in a Variety store. [nov27:1y

HEALY'S
PATENT SELF-ACTING Wagon Brake.

THE subscriber will canvass Beaver county, in the order of Townships, to sell the right to use, make and vend,

Healy's Pt. Self-acting Wagon-Brake,

an invention perfect in every respect, for the use of all kinds of Wagons, Carriages and Buggies. It is a perfect regulation to every vehicle to which it is attached, acting alike prompt and certain under all circumstances, on all kinds of roads, by night as well as by day, with the greatest safety, ease and comfort to horse and passenger, without any attention whatever from the driver. I will sell individual rights to use this patent brake, or Township and Borough to Mechanics.

Beaver, Nov22'65 C. LUDWICK.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF

REAL ESTATE.

THE Subscriber, Executor of the last will and testament of Narcissa Jane Judy, deceased, offers for sale one hundred and seven (107) acres of land, situate in Brighton Tp., Beaver county, Pa., and lying within two and a half miles of the borough of Beaver. The farm is in a good state of cultivation, and well timbered and watered, bordering on the waters of Brady's Run. If not sold at private sale before the first of February, 1866, I will expose it to sale by public out-cry, at the Court House, on the first day of February, 1866, at one o'clock. Terms made known on day of sale.

J. C. WILSON,
Dec6,'65. Ex'r of N. J. Judy, dec'd.

HOUSE AND LOT
FOR SALE.

I WILL offer at public sale, on SATURDAY, December 30th, at 10 o'clock, A. M. that frame House and Lot, situated between the National Hotel and A. Wynn's, on Third St. House contains six rooms and two kitchens, with hall up stairs and down. Lot 50 by 300, with fruit trees on lot. For particulars and terms inquire of Hice & Rutan, Beaver, Pa.

Dec6,'65. ISAAC Y. WYNN.

Election Notice.

NATIONAL BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY,
New Brighton, Nov. 29, 1865.

THE Stockholders of the National Bank of Beaver County, are hereby notified that the annual meeting for the election of nine (9) Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking house, in New Brighton, on the second Tuesday (9th) of January next, (1866,) between the hours of 10 o'clock and 2 o'clock of said day.

By order of the Board.
EDWARD HOOPS, Cashier.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Thos. Cunningham, late of boro' of Beaver, Beaver co. dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

JOSEPH C. WILSON,
nov29'65. Administrator.

THE best Paints, Scrub and Shoe Brushes of all qualities and kinds to be had at Moore's Drug Store, corner of Third street and Bank Alley, Beaver, Pa.

If you want to buy Pure Drugs, Medicine and Chemicals, go to Moore's Drug Store

BIOKRENE
OR
LIFE-REJUVENATOR.

STRENGTH TO THE WEAK!
YOUTH TO THE AGED!

This preparation is unequalled as a Rejuvenator and Restorer of wasted or inert functions.

The aged should be certain to make the Biokrene a household god, inasmuch as it will render them youthful in feeling and in strength, and enable them to live over again the days of their pristine joy. It not only exhilarates but strengthens, and is really an invaluable blessing, especially to those who have been reduced to a condition of servility, self abuse, misfortune, or ordinary sickness. No matter what the cause of the impotency of any human organ, this superb preparation will remove the effect at once and forever.

Biokrene

Cures Impotency, General Debility, Nervous Incapacity, Dyspepsia, Depression, Loss of Appetite, Low Spirits, weakness of the Organs of Generation, Imbecility, Mental Indolence, Emaciation, Ennui. It has a most *delightful, desirable and novel* effect upon the nervous system; and all who are in any way prostrated by nervous disabilities are earnestly advised to seek a cure in this most excellent and unequalled preparation.

Persons who, by imprudence, have lost their *natural vigor*, will find a speedy and permanent cure in the

Biokrene.

The Feeble, the Languid, the Dispairing, the Old should give this valuable discovery a trial; it will be found totally different from all other articles for the same purposes.

TO FEMALES.—This preparation is invaluable in nervous weakness of all kinds, as it will restore the wasted strength with wonderful permanence.

It is also a grand tonic, and will give relief to Dyspepsia with the first dose. A brief persistence in its use will renovate the stomach to a degree of perfect health and banish Dyspepsia forever.

One dollar per Bottle, or six bottles for $5. Sold by Druggist generally.

Sent by express anywhere, by addressing
HUTCHINGS & HILLYER, *Proprietors*,
81 CEDAR STREET, NEW YORK.

☞ Sold at Marquis' Drug store, Rochester, one door below Post Office, and wholesale and setail by Dr. Smith, Bridgewater Beaver county. [nov 23:

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES

Will immediately relieve, without pain, all disturbances of the periodic discharge, whether arising from relaxation or suppression.—They act like a charm in removing the pains that accompany difficult or immoderate menstruation, and are the only safe and reliable remedy for Flushes, Sick Headache, Pains in the Loins, Back and Sides, Palpitation of the Heart, Nervous Tremors, Hysterics, Spasms, Broken Sleep, and other unpleasant and dangerous effects of an unnatural condition of the sexual functions. In the worst cases of *Fluor Albus*, or Whites, they effect speedy cure.

Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills

Have been used OVER A QUARTER OF A CENTURY. They are offered as the only safe means of renewing interrupted menstruation, but Ladies must bear in mind that there is *one condition* of the female system in which the Pills cannot be taken without producing a *peculiar result*. The condition referred to is *pregnancy*—the result, *miscarriage*. Such is the irresistible tendency of the medicine to restore the sexual functions to a normal condition, that even the reproductive power of nature cannot resist it. *They cannot do harm in any other way.*

Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills

Are the *only medicine* that *married and single ladies* have relied upon for many years, or can rely upon now. *Beware of imitations!* These Pills form the *Finest Preparation ever put forward*, with *immediate and persistent success*.—DON'T BE DECEIVED. Take this advertisement to your Druggist, and tell him that you *want the best and most reliable Female Medicine in the world*, which is comprised in

Dr. Cheeseman's Female Pills!!

They have received, and are now receiving the sanction of the most *eminent* Physicians in America.

Explicit Directions with each Box—the price, ONE DOLLAR per box, containing from 50 to 60 pills.

Pills, sent *by mail, promptly*, by remitting the price to the Proprietors, or any authorised Agent, in current funds. *Sold by Druggists generally.*

HUTCHINGS & HILLIER, *Proprietors*,
81 Cedar street, New York.

☞ Sold Wholesale and Retail by Dr. S. Smith, Bridgewater; Dr. Marquis and J. H. Hannen, Rochester; John Moore, Beaver, and by all Druggists at New Brighton. [nov23:1y

New Barber-Shop!

SHAVING HAIR-CUTTING,
SHAMPOOING, &c.

JOHN B. WILLIAMS having just returned from the army, where he has served for almost three years, wishes to inform his former customers and the public generally, that he has opened his shop in the north end of the MARKET HOUSE, BRIDGEWATER, where he will carry on in his former good and fashionable style. By close attention to busines, he hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage. Those wishing a clean, smooth shave, or hair cut in a fashionable style, just stop in and give John a trial, and he feels satisfied that he can please them. [dec13:2m

A. C. BARLOW, M. D.

SURGEON AND PHYSICIAN,

HAVING permanently located in BEAVER tenders his professional services to the citizens of Beaver and adjoining villages and country. Having had twenty years experience (over four years as an army Surgeon) he feels competent to command the confidence of those who may wish his services.

Calls, day or night, promptly attended

☞ Office in the National Hotel building where he may be found at all hours, day or night, when not professionally engaged.

sep20'65

COAL!

I WILL deliver to the citizens of Rochester, Bridgewater, Beaver and vicinity, a good quality of Coal, at the shortest notice. Wagons can at any time, be supplied at the Bank, on M'Kinley's run, adjoining the bank of Wm. Porter, Esq.

J. C. MOLTER,
nov9 Bridgewater.

AT

CHAMBERLIN'S DRUG STORE

IN ROCHESTER,

Can be found a full assortment of

PURE DRUGS:

MEDICINES,

CHEMICALS, and

FINE LIQUORS;

Also, a full Assortment of

WINDOW GLASS,

PAINTS,

LINSEED OIL,

NEAT'S FOOT OIL,

SPERM OIL,

LARD OIL,

AND

PURE AND SECOND QUALITY

WHITE LEAD:

ALSO, FINE TOILET SOAPS,

ALL VARIETIES BRUSHES,

THE BEST PERFUMERY,

FANCY & TOILET ARTICLES,

AND POPULAR PREPARATIONS

FOR THE HAIR,

All of which is offered at low prices, notwithstanding late advances.

☞ Attention of Physicians is also called, whose prescriptions will be accurately compounded at all hours.

STORE IN THE DIAMOND,

Next door to Fortune's Dry Goods store.

GIVE ME A CALL, ONE AND ALL.

oct25:1y

Fall & Winter

DRY GOODS!

WHITE, ORR & CO.

NO. 25 FIFTH ST.,

Invite the attention of buyers to their large assortment of

DRESS GOODS,
SHAWLS,
CLOAKS, 25
CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
WHITE GOODS,
TABLE LINENS,
TOWELINGS,
SHIRTINGS
FLANNELS,
BLANKETS,

Fifth st. Fifth st.

Which they are selling at reasonable prices.

WHITE, ORR & Co,

nov14:1 25 Fifth st., Pittsburg.

ITCH! ITCH!! ITCH!!!

Scratch! Scratch!! Scratch!!!

WHEATON'S OINTMENT

WILL CURE THE ITCH IN 48 HOURS.

ALSO cures SALT RHEUM, ULCERS, CHILBLAINS, and all ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN. Price 50 cents. For sale by all Druggists.

By sending 60 cents to WEEKS & POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington street, Boston, Mass., it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States.

sep20'65—6mos.

FOR SALE:

WHEELER'S Patent Water Drawers
Extra Chain for do do
do Buckets for do do
Weights and Iron Wheels;
Dry lumber of all kinds;
Flooring, Siding, Shingles and Lath constantly kept on hand.
Building timber sawed to order without delay.

JAS. & H. DARRAGH,
aug30'65:6t Sharon Mills.

J. M. Harton,

DENTIST:

OFFERS HIS SERVICES TO THE CITIZENS OF BEAVER AND VICINITY.

☞ Office on Third street, 2d door east of E. B. Anderson's store. [nov14:6m

"A Complete Pictorial History of the Times."

"The best, cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union."

HARPER'S WEEKLY,

SPLENDIDLY ILLUSTRATED.

Critical Notices of the Press.

"The best Family Paper published in the United States."—*New London Advertiser.*

"The MODEL NEWSPAPER of our country—complete in all the departments of an American Family Paper—HARPER'S WEEKLY has earned for itself a right to its title 'A JOURNAL OF CIVILIZATION.'"—*N. Y. Evening Post.*

"This Paper furnishes *the best illustrations*. Our future historians will garnish themselves out of Harper's Weekly long after writers, and painters, and publishers are turned to dust."—*New York Evangelist.*

"A necessity in every household."—*Boston Transcript.*

"It is at once a leading political and historical annalist of the nation."—*Phila. Press.*

"The best of its class in America."—*Boston Traveller.*

SUBSCRIPTIONS.

1866.

The Publishers have perfected a system of mailing by which they can supply the MAGAZINE and WEEKLY *promptly* to those who prefer to receive their periodicals directly from the Office of Publication. Postmasters and others desirous of getting up Clubs will be supplied with a handsome pictoral Show-bill on application.

The postage on HARPER'S WEEKLY is 20 cents a year, which must be paid at the *subscriber's* postoffice.

Terms:

HARPER'S WEEKLY one year..... $4 00
An Extra Copy of either the WEEKLY *or* MAGAZINE *will be supplied gratis of every Club of* FIVE SUBSCRIBERS *at* $4 00 *each, in one remittance; or Six Copies for* $20 00.

Back Numbers can be supplied, at any time.

The Annual Volumes of HARPER'S WEEKLY, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7 each. *A complete set*, comprising *Eight Volumes* sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per vol., *freight at expense of purchaser.* Address

HARPER & BROTHERS,
FRANKLIN SQUARE, New York.

"Unquestionably the best Sustained work of the kind in the World."

HARPER'S
NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

Critical Notices of the Press.

It is the foremost Magazine of the day.—The fireside never had a more delightful companion, nor the million a more enterprising friend, than Harper's Magazine.—*Methodist Protestant* (Baltimore).

The most popular Monthly in the World.—*New York Observer.*

We must refer in terms of eulogy to the high tone and varied excellent of HARPER'S MAGAZINE—a journal with a monthly circulation of about 170,000 copies—in whose pages are to be found some of the choicest light and general reading of the day. We speak of this work as an evidence of the American People; and the popularity it has acquired is merited. Each number contains fully 141 pages of reading matter, appropriately illustrated with good wood-cuts; and it combines in itself the racy monthly and the more philosophical quarterly, blended with the best features of the daily. It has great power in the dissemination of a love of pure literature.—TAUCHNER'S *Guide to American Literature, London.*

The volumes bound constitute of themselves a library of miscellaneous reading such as cannot be found in the same compass in any other publication that has come under our notice.—*Boston Courier.*

SUBSCRIPTIONS.

1866.

The Publishers have perfected a system of mailing by which they can supply the MAGAZINE and WEEKLY *promptly* to those who prefer to receive their periodicals directly from the office of publication.

The postage on HARPER'S MAGAZINE is 24 cents a year which must be paid at the *Subscriber's* post-office.

Terms:

HARPER'S MAGAZINE, one year..... $4 00
An Extra copy of either the MAGAZINE or WEEKLY will be supplied gratis for every Club of FIVE SUBSCRIBERS at $4 00 each in one remittance; or Six Copies for $20 00.

Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

A Complete Set, now comprising Twenty-nine Volumes, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, freight at expense of purchaser, for $2 25 per volume. Single volumes, by mail, postpaid, $3 00. Cloth cases, for binding, 58 cents, by mail, postpaid. Address

HARPER & BROTHERS,
FRANKLIN SQUARE, New York.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, the undersigned will expose to sale by public vendue or out-cry, on the premises, on

Wednesday, December 20th, 1865,

at o'clock, p. m., the following described real estate of George W. Fulton, late of the boro' of New Brighton, in said county, dec'd., viz: All that piece of land situate in the boro' of Rochester, and county of Beaver, being part of out-lot No. 57, the same being lot No. 525 of subdivision—beginning at the north east corner of said lot upon Adams street, thence west on the south side of Adams street 150 feet to Massachusetts street, thence south 50 feet to the north-east corner of lot No. 522, thence east by said lot 150 feet to an alley, thence north along said alley 50 feet to the place of beginning, with the appurtenances.

☞ Terms made known on day of sale.

nov22'65 AGNEW DUFF, Adm'r.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Thomas Stevenson, late of Hanover township, Beaver County, Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES STEVENSON,
oct11'65. Administrator.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters testamentary having been granted to the undersigned, on the state of James Ferguson, late of Pulaski tp., Beaver county, Pa, deceased, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make payment immediately and those having claims against the same will present them to the subscriber duly authenticated for settlement.

EDWARD HOOPS. } Ex'rs.
nov8 JAS. C. FERGUSON, }

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS, letters testamentary on the estate of Narcissa J. Judy, late of Brighton tp., Beaver county, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JOSEPH C. WILSON, Ex'r,
dec13 Beaver.

IF you want to buy the best Paints, Oils Dye Stuffs, go to Moore's Drug Store.

CLOTHING

AT

WM. REICH'S,

BRIDGEWATER.

NEW GOODS,

FOR FALL & WINTER CLOTHING,

I have just received a new stock of the

LATEST STYLES

Of Overcoatings.
Cassimeres for Business Suits,
And a general assortment of Vesti

All kinds of

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods

Constantly on hand,

Such as Undershirts,
Drawers, etc.,
Linen and Woolen Overshirts,
Collars,
Neck ties,
And too many other articles to mention.

CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER

In all the latest styles and at shortest notice.

Wm. REICH,

Stewart's Row, Bridge Street,

oct13'65 BRIDGEWATER.

BOOTS AND SHOES!

THE PLACE TO GET THEM!

Cheap and Durable.

DON'T FAIL TO CALL.

LOUIS F. WEINMAN,

MANUFACTURER of and Retail Dealer in Boots and Shoes, Bridge street,

BRIDGEWATER.

He keeps an excellent supply of ready-made work constantly on hand.

Boots and shoes made to order on shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

He has good workmen, and can't be excelled by any other establishment in West. Pa.

Men, women and children will find it to their advantage to give him a call.

For the best and cheapest article go to
LOUIS F. WEINMAN'S,
oct11'65 Bridge st., Bridgewater.

FRUIT TREES &c., &c.

APPLE,
PEAR,
PEACH,
GRAPE VINES,
STRAWBERRY PLANTS,
And SMALL FRUITS,
NURSERY STOCK

In great variety from the Nursery of

T. L. SHIELDS & CO.,
oct4 Brighton Nurseries, Allegheny City, Pa.

SMITH'S FERRY AND LITTLE BEAVER PETROLEUM COMPANY!

CAPITAL STOCK..... $80,000.

80,000 Shares of Par Value of..... $1,00 each.

WORKING CAPITAL..... $13,000.

AT a meeting of the stockholders of the above company, held at their office in the borough of Rochester, April 20th, 1865, the following persons were elected its officers for the ensuing year:

PRESIDENT:
MATTISON DARRAGH.

TREASURER & SECRETARY:
CHARLES B. HURST.

DIRECTORS:

Mattison Darragh,	Milo R. Adams,
Charles Stone,	Alfred C. Hurst,
James Darragh,	John Bigger,
Levi Brennaman,	Robt. A. Cochran,
Charles F. Kendall.	

☞ A limited number of shares of Stock of the above Company may be had by application at the office of the company.

☞ Office in the Diamond, Rochester, Pa.

my3:6m CHAS. B. HURST, Sec'y.

BEAVER SEMINARY
AND
MUSICAL INSTITUTE.

Rev. R. T. TAYLOR, A. M., President.

THE Terms open respectively Sept. 12, '65, January 2, and April 5, 1866.

Every opportunity for instruction in any branch of science or on any musical instrument; also vocal music, private or in classes, is afforded here at reasonable rates.

Lads received in the Primary Department; also small girls, of any degree of proficiency.

Drawing and painting of every style will receive the special attention of a first-class artist.

Tuition: $5,50, $8,50, and $12,50, according to department.

None but thoroughly qualified and experienced Teachers are employed in any department. For further information address

aug2'65 R. T. TAYLOR, President.

Wines and Liquors, Wholesale.

Groceries at Retail or by Package.

FLOUR, GRAIN, FEED, &c.
At Peter Angel's, Bridgewater.

BUTTER, Eggs, and all kinds of country produce taken in exchange, for which the highest market price will be paid. In connection with the Grocery and Liquor store, the Bakery and Confectionary in still carried on, where may be found a first class assortment of cakes, confectionaries, canned fruits, pickles, spiced oysters, &c. A fine stock of tobacco and cigars of all fancy brands.

N. B. A pure article of wines, &c., for medicinal and sacramental purposes constantly on hand.

☞ Do not forget the place, Peter Angel's old stand, Bridge st, Bridgewater [aug2:3m

NATIONAL HOTEL
FOR SALE.

THE LARGE THREE-STORY BRICK BUILDING, with the Frame Buildings adjoining, and lot on which they are erected, in the town of Beaver, known as the

National Hotel,

is offered for sale.

☞ For particulars inquire of THOMAS MCCREERY or G. W. HAMILTON, Beaver. [nov15

BARBER,

HAIR-DRESSER, &C.

JAMES BRUIN is happy to announce to his old customers, that he has been discharged from the service of the United States, and opened a shop in the frame building adjoining Wm. Orr's Store. Ladies' hair cut in the most approved style. He trusts his old friends will renew their patronage. Having carried the flag of the 45th Reg. U. S. C. T. for almost a year, in the battles around Petersburg, he thinks himself entitled to a fair share of the public patronage.

Hice & Rutan
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

WILL attend to legal business of all kinds. Prompt attention given to collections generally. Licensed Agents for collection of Pensions, Bounty, arrears of Pay, Prize money, Pay, etc., of Prisoners of War, and all kinds of military claims against the Government. Office—

Corner of Market Street and the Diamond,
(immediately in the rear of Court House.)
BEAVER, PENN'A. [jan4

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM pleasantly situated, 1 mile from the town of Beaver, adjoining the property of A. B. Wolf, containing 42 acres, is offered for sale. It is well adapted to farming or gardening purposes The improvements are a frame house and other out-buildings. A good apple orchard and other fruits on the premises. Also, a good stone quarry. For price and terms apply to

IVORY COLE,
nov15'65. Rochester, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

WHEREAS letters of administration on the estate of Aaron Hood, late of Greene township, Beaver county, Penna., deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

GIBSON HOOD, Adm'r.,
nov16'65. Greene tp.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Jas. L. M'Creery, late of Beaver boro', Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

ROBT. M'CREERY, Adm'r.,
nov15'65 Beaver.

EXECUTRIX'S NOTICE.

LETTERS Testamentary on the estate of John Teets, dec'd., late of New Sewickly twp., Beaver county, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

CHRISTINA C. TEETS, Ex'rx.
nov15 New Sewickly tp.

FOR N. Y. LEDGER, WEEKLY HARPER, or any of the Eastern Papers or Magazines, go to Rochester News Depot.

BRITISH PERIODICALS

VIZ.

THE LONDON QUARTERLY REVIEW (Conservative).
THE EDINBURGH REVIEW (Whig).
THE WESTMINSTER REVIEW (Radical).
THE NORTH BRITISH REVIEW (Free-Church).

AND

BLACKWOOD'S EDINBURGH MAGAZINE (Tory).

The American Publishers continue to reprint the above-named periodicals, but as the cost of printing has *doubled*, the price of paper nearly *trebled*, and taxes, duties, postage, etc., largely increased, they are compelled to advance their terms as follows:

TERMS FOR 1866.

For any one of the Reviews..... $4
For any two of the Reviews..... 7
For any three of the Reviews..... 10
For all four of the Reviews..... 12
For Blackwood's Magazine..... 4
For Blackwood and one Review..... 7
For Blackwood and any two Reviews..... 10
For Brackwood and three Reviews..... 13
For Blackwood and the four Reviews..... 15

The works will be printed on a *greatly improved quality of paper*, and while nearly all American Periodicals are either advanced in price or reduced in size—and very generally both—*we* shall continue to give faithful copies of *all* the matters contained in the original editions. Hence, our present prices will be found as cheap, for the amount of matter furnished, as those of any of the competing periodicals in this country.

Compared with the cost of the originals in Britain, which at the present premium on gold would be about $100 a year, our *prices* ($15) are *exceedingly low*. Add to this the fact that we make our annual payments to the British Publishers for early sheets and copyright in *Gold*—$1 costing us at this time (Jan. 1866) nearly $2,50 in currency—and we trust that in the scale we have adopted we shall be entirely justified by our subscribers and the reading public.

The interest of these Periodicals to American readers is rather increased than diminished by the articles they contain on our *Civil War*; and though sometimes tinged with prejudice, they may still, considering the great ability and the different stand-points from which they are written, be read and studied with advantage by the people of this country, of every creed and party.

THE FOUR REVIEWS for 1866.

A few copies of the above remain on hand and will be sold at $5 for the whole four, or $2 for any one.

We also publish the

FARMER'S GUIDE,

By Henry Stephens, of Edinburgh, and the late J. P. Norton, of Yale College. 2 vols. Royal Octavo, 1600 pages and numerous Engravings.

PRICE $7 for the two volumes—by mail, post paid, $8.

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FOR FEMALES.

Infallible in Correcting Irregularities, Removing Obstructions of the Monthly Term, from Whatever Cause, and

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It is now over thirty years since these celebrated Pills were first discovered by Dr. DUPONCO, of Paris, during which time they have been extensively and successfully used in most of the public institutions, as well as in private practice, of both hemispheres, with unparalleled success in every case, and it is only at the "urgent request" of the thousands of Ladies who have used them, that he is induced to make the Pills public for the alleviation of those suffering from any irregularities whatever, as well as to prevent an increase of family, where health will not permit. Females peculiarly situated, or those supposing themselves so, are cautioned against using these Pills while in that condition, as the proprietor assumes no responsibility after the above admonition, although their mildness would prevent any mischief to health otherwise the Pills are recommended.

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Sold by S. Smith, Bridgewater; Noble & Hamilton, Beaver; S. Hannen, Rochester.

Ladies! By sending $1.00 to either of the above agents, can have the pills sent confidentially) by mail, to any part of the country, or address the Proprietor.

S. D. HOWE,
oct 25'65:1yr. New York

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JAS. A. SHOLES.....ALFRED SLACK.

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PITTSBURG, PA.

Flooring, Weatherboarding, Sash, *Doors, Frames, Brackets & Moulding* always on hand or made to order. [my11:1y

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of Col. James O. Anderson, late of the Boro' of Beaver, Beaver co., Pa., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

HUGH ANDERSON, Adm'r.,
nov18'65 Beaver.

DRS. M'KINNEY & FEICHT,

HAVING entered into partnership for the practice of MEDICINE and SURGERY tender their professional services to the citizens of

BEAVER BORO' AND COUNTY.

OFFICE:
Two doors below Moore's Drug Store
Beaver, Sept25:1m

Union Hotel,
BEAVER, PA.

ALEX. CLARK, *Proprietor.*

GOOD STABLING attached to the House. September 18, '65.

C. A. DECARME

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